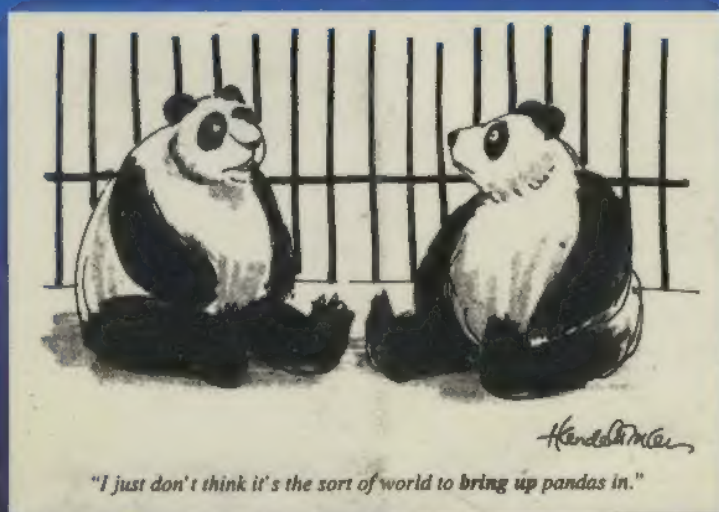


COLLINS
COBUILD

PHRASAL VERBS WORKBOOK

Helping learners with real English



THE COBUILD SERIES *from* THE BANK OF ENGLISH

Malcolm Goodale

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The Author asserts the moral right to be identified as the author of this work.

The author is a teacher at the United Nations in Geneva.
The views expressed herein are those of the author and do not necessarily reflect the views of the United Nations.

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This one is for Joanna and Steven.

My thanks go to:

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The COBUILD Series

Founding Editor in Chief John Sinclair
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INTRODUCTION

This workbook accompanies the Collins COBUILD Dictionary of Phrasal Verbs. Though the workbook can be used on its own, more benefit will be gained by working closely with the Dictionary. Practice is approached through the individual particles, as featured in the Particles Index of the Dictionary.

The Collins COBUILD Dictionary of Phrasal Verbs lists over 3,000 phrasal verbs and explains over 5,500 different meanings. This workbook practises the most important phrasal verbs, with around 300 different meanings. Almost 50% of these are formed with 18 common verbs. Six common verbs - *bring, come, get, go, put* and *take* - account for nearly 30% of the phrasal verbs in this workbook.

This workbook is a vocabulary book rather than a grammar book. The examples and exercises throughout the book show the different syntactic patterns of the phrasal verbs. Whilst working on this book, it was found that the most important phrasal verbs are nearly always adverbial. These are also the most difficult phrasal verbs for learners to understand. It is for this reason that prepositional phrasal verbs are not included in this workbook.

For a detailed explanation of the grammar of phrasal verbs please refer to the Collins Cobuild English Grammar, as well as the introduction in the Collins Cobuild Dictionary of Phrasal Verbs.

HOW TO USE THE WORKBOOK

There are ten units of material. The first nine units deal with single particles and these units are arranged in alphabetical sequence in the book; the final unit concentrates on seven more particles. All the units follow a similar format, and can be studied in any order. As this book is designed both for classwork and self-study, an answer key to the exercises is given at the back of the book.

Every unit has an introductory page giving the important meanings of the particle being studied, with lists of the phrasal verbs to be practised in each section of the unit. Sometimes a phrasal verb appears twice in the same section, with two meanings. Quite often, a phrasal verb appears in two or three different sections. This is not surprising, as most phrasal verbs have more than one meaning, and can sometimes have as many as 20 different meanings.

The final section of each unit is called Other Meanings. This includes phrasal verbs which often do fit into a category of meaning, but the category is too small or too limited in its meaning to be included in this workbook. You will, of course, find them in the Particles Index of the Dictionary. The other phrasal verbs included in

Other Meanings are those which are too common to be excluded, but which do not clearly fit into any particular category of meaning.

Under each category of meaning on the introductory page, space has been provided for other phrasal verbs to be added.

The Sections

Each section of a unit covers one category of meaning. If more than ten phrasal verbs are to be studied, the section is split into two parts. A section begins with example sentences, showing typical use of the phrasal verbs. The examples are often followed by Language Comments, which highlight other phrasal verbs with similar or opposite meanings, and which also give more formal equivalent verbs, when they exist. It is a common misconception that phrasal verbs are mostly used in spoken language. They can be found in many styles of writing, including highly formal government reports.

The Exercises

If a category of meaning includes phrasal verbs which are particularly difficult to understand, the first exercise asks you to complete the definitions of some or all of the phrasal verbs. Subsequent exercises involve matching phrases or sentences; choosing the phrasal verb that best fits a gapped sentence, from three alternatives provided; deciding on an appropriate phrasal verb to fill a gap, where no alternatives are given. For this last exercise you should pay particular attention to the form of the verb. Throughout the book you will also find exercises called Bad Jokes, where you are asked to match the two halves of the jokes.

In most sections, there is a final memorization exercise, which has an elephant symbol beside it. Memory is aided by links, connections, and images. We remember unusual things much more easily than 'normal' things. In this exercise you should write a paragraph containing at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs in the section you have just studied. The phrasal verbs do not necessarily have to be in the same order. You must use a minimum of words or images. It is very important to have a clear mental picture of your story; you should be able to see it as a little film in your head. To be more memorable, your paragraph could be exaggerated, strange, ridiculous, impossible, or amusing. The Answer Key contains a sample paragraph on page 140.

At the end of each unit there is a separate section of revision exercises, so that you can check your progress.

Enjoy using the Collins COBUILD Phrasal Verbs Workbook!

AWAY

Below are the two most important meanings of AWAY and one group of other meanings. In all 16 phrasal verbs have been selected.

Under each of the headings you will see a list of the phrasal verbs which you are

going to practise. Some verbs appear more than once, as many phrasal verbs have more than one meaning.

You can write other phrasal verbs with the same meaning in the space provided. Use a dictionary if necessary.

A Withdrawing and Separating

break away
get away
give away
keep away
run away
take away

B Disappearing and Making things disappear

do away with
explain away
fade away
pass away
throw away

C Other meanings

get away with
hide away
put away
work away
write away

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A Withdrawing and Separating

break away get away give away
keep away run away take away

Two United Party senators broke away to form the Federal Party.

His father had thought it would be good for his character to get away from home and earn some money on his own.

I could not decide whether to keep the money he left me or give it away.

It would be better to keep away and not attempt to enter the city until she knew what was happening there.

I was frightened and I ran away from my mother and she ran after me and coaxed me to come back.

They took my name and address, took away all my possessions, and sent me down to the cells.



'Look - if you have five pocket calculators and I take two away, how many have you got left?'

1 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 I had to get away. | A the less money you'll spend. |
| 2 I think of the new boy who ran away. | B worth millions of pounds. |
| 3 She has given away jewellery | C to break away from my family and community. |
| 4 The more you keep away from the shops, | D not take it away from them. |
| 5 These men wanted to help them keep their land, | E One way or another, I was going to leave Birmingham. |
| 6 I had accepted his offer because I wanted to break away - | F Lane chased him and caught him. |

1	2	3	4	5	6
E					

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- Panic overcame Tim now and he turned and began to try to run away across the rocks.
take away run away keep away
- The best thing that you can do to avoid a cold is to from anyone who has one.
give away break away keep away

- 3 Fontaine and founded the shortlived Nationalist Party.
broke away took away gave away
- 4 I the knife from him. I don't know how.
broke away gave away took away
- 5 'Could you early next week though?' 'Yes, that would be okay.'
break away get away take away

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 You should always *keep* animals *away* from the kitchen.
- 2 France's plan to 30 million electronic telephone directories ...
- 3 She let herself out and raced down the stairs and along the road.
- 4 Another group from the Labour Party the following year.
- 5 Let's go out for a walk to from it all.
- 6 She had the children with her to her parents' house.

Bad Jokes

4 Find the logical ending for each of the jokes beginning on the left.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 Waiter, this soup isn't fit for a pig. | A You should have seen the one that got away! |
| 2 What did the fisherman say when he caught a bus? | B Take away the 't' and it becomes eatable. |
| 3 How can you make a tea table into a meal? | C Take away their credit cards. |
| 4 How do you stop a herd of elephants from charging? | D The police made him bring it back. |
| 5 What happened to the little boy who ran away with the circus? | E Sir, would you like me to take it away and bring you some that is? |

1	2	3	4	5
E				

B Disappearing and Making things disappear

do away with explain away fade away pass away throw away

Our medicines have not done away with¹ disease.

All of this can, of course, be explained away for other reasons.

The sun's warmth began to fade away.

She passed away² within three weeks of her sister and mother.

30 million tonnes of refuse are thrown away in the UK.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

¹ Eliminate is a more formal word for **do away with**.

² You use **pass away** when you want to avoid saying the word 'die'.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If something fades away, it slowly becomes less intense, frequent or common until it ends or disappears completely.
- 2 When you something you no longer want or need, you get rid of it, for example by putting it in the dustbin.
- 3 If you a mistake or unpleasant situation, you give reasons to show that it is not as bad or important as people think.
- 4 To something means to get rid of it or abolish it.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 He was seen on TV later, | A all the paperwork that is usually involved. |
| 2 Her new-found enthusiasm for running | B rather than throw them away. |
| 3 Your husband sent the letter to us | C shortly before he passed away. |
| 4 She likes to keep things, even old things, | D explaining away his department's latest blunder. |
| 5 It would be nice to do away with | E will soon fade away. |

1	2	3	4	5

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- Identity cards should be , everybody has a passport anyway.
explained away done away with faded away
- 'It was the last one my dad ever invented before he 'His final great work?' 'Exactly, Gordon.'
passed away threw away did away with
- He did not the pamphlet , but he kept it in his desk.
fade away throw away explain away
- It was vague rumour which would and be forgotten.
pass away explain away fade away
- Well, how do you the fact that we lost so much money last year?
explain away throw away fade away

4 Write the correct form of the phrasal verb in the space provided.

- His guests were surprised when he the trick as 'a little cheating'.
- medicine after an illness. It's unlikely you'll use it again.
- She's feeling very depressed at the moment: her mother unexpectedly last month.
- Let's the formalities and get down to business.
- The music and laughter gradually as the procession moved off down the street.



5 Find the logical ending for each of the jokes beginning on the left.

- | | |
|---|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> They don't throw the rubbish away. Why did you throw your alarm clock away? I did my first television show a month ago, and the next day five million sets were sold. | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Because it always went off when I was asleep. The people who couldn't sell theirs threw them away. They make it into television shows. |
|---|--|

1	2	3

C Other meanings

get away with hide away put away work away write away

I'm not going to allow Anne to get away with an offensive remark like that.

He looked at his drawings of the rocks and hid them away again.

Hamish began to put away a vast load of shopping he had brought home.

They haven't stopped, they've been working away¹ all day.

You just write away² giving your name, address and enclosing three tokens.



'You again, Mr Philbean? Dear me, dear me, don't you ever get away with anything?'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Beaver away, slave away, slog away, and toil away mean almost the same as work away. These verbs are often used in a continuous tense.
- 2 Send off and send away mean almost the same as write away.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you something, you put it in a place where nobody else can find it.
- 2 If you, you continue working hard for a long time.
- 3 If you something, you place it tidily somewhere, for example in a cupboard, drawer, or pocket.
- 4 If you to a company or organization, you send them a letter asking for a product or information.
- 5 If you something that you should not have done, you are not criticized or punished for doing it.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 You see, I may need somewhere | A on the nose and got away with it. |
| 2 Why don't you write away | B to hide away for a week or two. |
| 3 He had punched a teacher | C I've been working away at a book. |
| 4 What have you been doing with yourself? | D the two of us drying and putting away. |
| 5 We washed up in silence, Lally washing up, | E to them and ask for a catalogue? |

1	2	3	4	5

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- I was able to keep warm as I in the snow.
- He could make the most outrageous statements and somehow it.
- Albert folded the newspaper neatly and it on the side table.
- I had to the presents in the bedroom, so that the children wouldn't find them
- for it. It's cheaper by mail-order anyway.

4 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



AWAY Revision exercises

- 1** Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.
- You should those and get a pair of these.
pass away throw away run away do away with
 - In cross-examination Mr Stewart tried to the Police interest in Waddell.
work away fade away explain away get away
 - I've been on this project for the last two weeks.
working away giving away putting away getting away with
 - We cannot from the fact that a child is primarily an egoist.
pass away break away take away get away
 - You cannot violence by using violence.
break away do away with keep away pass away
 - Even a baby senses, I think, that she shouldn't be able to such tyranny. The habit is usually easy to break.
run away hide away do away with get away with
 - Australia, after it had from Antarctica, continued to drift northwards.
run away faded away broken away put away
 - You can £2,000 a year tax-free.
explain away write away give away work away

- 2** Now see if you can remember the meanings of AWAY and the phrasal verbs you have been practising. Some of the letters have been filled in to help you. You can check your answers by looking at the list on page 1.

A W.....dr.....ing and
S.....p.....ating

b.....rea k away
g..... away
g.....e away
k.....p away
r..... away
t.....e away

B D.....s.....pp.....ing and
M.....ing th.....s
d.....

d..... away w.....
e.....pn away
f..... away
p.....s away
t.....r..... away

C Other meanings

g..... away w.....
h.....d..... away
p..... away
w.....k away
wr..... away

BACK

Below are the two most important meanings of BACK. In all 12 phrasal verbs have been selected.

You can write other phrasal verbs with the same meaning in the space provided. Use a dictionary if necessary.

Under each of the headings you will see a list of the phrasal verbs which you are going to practise.

A Returning or Repeating something

bounce back
call back
fall back on
get back
give back
go back on
go back over
take back

B Controlling or Suppressing

cut back
fight back
hold back
set back

A Returning or Repeating something

**bounce back call back fall back on get back
give back go back on go back over take back**

His life is one disaster after another, but he just bounces back¹ every time.

Pitts called back² on Thursday, saying he hadn't been able to make the arrangements.

We have a written script to fall back on if we run out of things to discuss.

I left early yesterday and didn't get back till late. I had to go up to London to see my lawyer.

Men do not consider their own needs enough and she wants to give them back a pride in their appearance.

Penelope must have persuaded him that they could not go back on their prior acceptance.

Let's go back over³ it one more time and see if we can find a solution

We're going to take the typewriter back to the shop.



'I'll be glad when this rest break's over so we can get back to some decent food'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Recover is a more general word for bounce back
- 2 Phone back and ring back are similar to call back, but call back can also mean to visit a place again
- 3 Go over something again means almost the same as go back over.

1 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 There was no point 2 They were totally useless, 3 After yesterday's fall, 4 It's a funny thing, the symptoms disappeared 5 If I didn't need the money, 6 The teacher could not go back on her word, 7 I'm sorry, Mr Smith is out. 8 He invariably falls back on | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A and the guilty one would not own up. B the Stock Market bounced back surprisingly quickly. C He will call you back later. D I would give it back again. E but we wouldn't take them back to the shop. F and he was soon feeling well enough to get back to work. G in going back over it. H sentimental clichés about peace and love |
|--|---|

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 Don't let us break up the party, but we have to before 11 to take the baby-sitter home.
give back call back get back
- 2 I the book to Indhar.
bounced back gave back called back
- 3 When you see the hospital doctor, you may be asked to the same ground that you have covered.
go back on go back over fall back on
- 4 Shops are often reluctant to unsatisfactory goods.
take back give back get back
- 5 Mr Higson expects the market to quickly in April or May.
bounce back give back go back on
- 6 So he did everything he could to persuade you to what you'd told us.
call back go back on bounce back
- 7 I told him I would him when I had some news.
bounce back call back go back over

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Don't forget to your books to the library.
- 2 Don't you think we'd better to the subject you came to discuss?
- 3 I gave my word. I can't it.
- 4 I shall make some enquiries and you
- 5 I her her newspaper.
- 6 Teachers authority.

4 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



B Controlling or Suppressing

cut back fight back hold back set back

*I did eliminate egg yolks and cut back¹ a bit on red meats.
But I still enjoy eating out.*

*If we did that, the importing countries could fight back²
with laws of their own.*

The rise in living standards has been held back for so long.

This has set back³ the whole programme of nuclear power in America



*'I've cut back on defence
spending.'*

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Reduce is a more formal word for cut back. There is also a noun:
...the cutback in public services...
- 2 Retaliate and resist are more formal words for fight back.
- 3 Delay is a more formal word for set back, and hold up means
almost the same. There is also a noun:
The Union suffered a serious setback.

1 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 When you cut back on dairy products, | A we have to find a way to fight back. |
| 2 Worry about the environment | B had set them back with the painting. |
| 3 The unusual cold of the early spring | C you cut back on cholesterol. |
| 4 We can't let them walk all over us, | D has been one of the key restraints in
holding back economic development. |

1	2	3	4

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 Other countries have on high-priced Mexican oil.
cut back set back fought back
- 2 They need the money immediately and cannot their goods
to push the price up.
set back cut back hold back
- 3 That computer failure has us at least a week.
fought back cut back set back
- 4 Our forces were desperately
fighting back holding back setting back

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Bad weather us by about three weeks.
- 2 If she is ambitious, don't try to her
- 3 The factory has its work force by 50%.
- 4 If someone hits you, you have to

4 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



BACK Revision exercises

- 1** Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.
- Often you give up and easier solutions.
cut back fall back on sit back set back
 - You can and collect your shoes tomorrow.
bounce back get back take back call back
 - Benn stubbornly resisted all attempts to investment.
set back take back cut back bounce back
 - He the schedule one more time just for my benefit.
went back over set back went back on fell back on
 - Jamie's taken my jacket – make him it !
get back give back take back go back on
 - Now you're what you told me earlier.
going back on bouncing back fighting back setting back
 - There'll be a supper in the fridge for you if you from Cambridge tonight.
give back hold back take back get back

2 Match the two meanings of BACK with the pairs of phrasal verbs given.

A Returning or Repeating something

B Controlling or Suppressing

- go back on
go back over
- cut back
fight back
- get back
give back
- hold back
set back

DOWN

Below are the four most important meanings of DOWN and one group of other meanings. In all 34 phrasal verbs have been selected.

Under each of the headings you will see a list of the phrasal verbs which you are

going to practise. Some verbs appear more than once, as many phrasal verbs have more than one meaning.

You can write other phrasal verbs with the same meaning in the space provided. Use a dictionary if necessary.

A Decreasing and Reducing

bring down
calm down
come down
come down to
cut down
die down

keep down
narrow down
play down
run down
scale down
slow down

B Defeating and Suppressing

back down
bring down
clamp down
knock down
pull down
put down
wear down

C Completing or Failing

break down
close down
let down
settle down
stand down
turn down

D Writing and Recording

go down as
lay down
put down
put down to
take down

E Other meanings

get down to
live down
pin down
talk down to

A Decreasing and Reducing

Part 1

bring down calm down come down come down to cut down die down

The promised measures included steps to bring down prices.

'Please, Mrs Kinter,' said Brody. 'Calm down'. Let me explain.'

Get on the phone at once, please, and offer to come down² a couple of hundred dollars.

Basically, it comes down to asking 'Is the workplace as safe for all employees?'.

Save time for yourself by cutting your shopping down to twice a week.

She waited until the laughter had died down³ before going on.



'I'd cut down on these bourgeois sexist occasions except people might think I was dieting.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 **Settle down** means almost the same as **calm down**.
- 2 **Decrease** is a more formal word for **come down**; **go up** means the opposite.
- 3 **Subside** is a more formal word for **die down**.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If a problem or question a particular thing, that is the most important or relevant factor to be considered.
- 2 If something , it becomes much quieter or less intense.
- 3 If you something..... , you reduce it or do it less often.
- 4 If the cost, level or amount of something , it becomes cheaper or less than it was before.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 The protests will soon die down, | A cannot cut down easily. |
| 2 Modern technology contributes to bringing down | B but had no success. |
| 3 There are dozens of contentious points, | C but in the end it comes down to planning |
| 4 Many smokers who are chemically addicted to nicotine | D you just have to wait. |
| 5 An officer tried to calm them down | E has come down by 20% since 1975. |
| 6 Local government expenditure | F the cost of fish in making available canned products. |

1	2	3	4	5	6

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 Ultimately, the problem .. the way in which housing has been defined.
comes down to cuts down brings down
- 2 Although many businessmen realise they should on heavy eating at lunch-time they often fool themselves.
calm down cut down bring down
- 3 He told me that things appeared to be a bit.
calming down bringing down cutting down
- 4 His anger takes a long time to
come down come down to die down
- 5 Swedish taxes have got to be .. .
died down brought down calmed down
- 6 Birth rates in the Third World have started to more rapidly.
come down die down cut down

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Inflation is starting to
- 2 He has made a series of proposals which he believes would help land prices.
- 3 When she had herself , she started the engine.
- 4 The wind has quite a lot.
- 5 The text was too long so we it
- 6 What it , I said, was that she had taken it as far as anyone could be expected to do.

A Decreasing and Reducing Part 2

keep down narrow down play down run down scale down slow down

The French too are very concerned to try and keep costs down.

We finally narrowed down the list of candidates to three.

They have urged that the authorities should play down¹ the horrors of nuclear war.

Hospitals were being run down because of the spending cuts.

The project has been scaled down by about half of the original estimate.

Economic growth has slowed down² dramatically.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

¹ Exaggerate and play up mean the opposite of play down.

² Slow up means almost the same as slow down; speed up means the opposite.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- If you something such as a choice or subject, you consider only the most suitable or important parts, and eliminate the rest
- If you something, you try to make people think that something is unimportant, or less important than it really is.
- If an industry or organization is, its size, importance, or activity is deliberately reduced.
- If you the number, size, or amount of something, you stop it increasing and try to keep it at a low level.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 It's argued that our forces are so run down they | A the financial difficulties of the company. |
| 2 We did not stop his southward advance | B don't deter anybody any more. |
| 3 Keeping inflation down to an acceptable level | C is not as easy as it seems. |
| 4 He will play down | D scaled down in importance. |
| 5 How many suspects have we got? | E We've narrowed it down to four, sir. |
| 6 Overall goals must be | F but did much to slow it down. |

1	2	3	4	5	6

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 Malcolm needs to a little or he'll get an ulcer.
run down slow down narrow down
- 2 Public transport could be to the point where the car has achieved total dominance.
played down narrowed down run down
- 3 Let's the discussion .. , shall we?
narrow down scale down play down
- 4 Some aspects of reality are omitted or .. , while others are given more importance.
narrowed down slowed down played down
- 5 The project has been by about half the original estimate.
kept down narrowed down scaled down
- 6 Auction rooms are used to a plentiful flow of old documents, and this prices
runs down slows down keeps down

4 Write the correct form of the phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 They the choice to about a dozen sites.
- 2 Their air forces had been ruinously ..
- 3 They've decided to the project because of a lack of government funding.
- 4 Harold the car ..
- 5 Can you the noise ?
- 6 We would like to stress that in no sense do we wish to the importance of the issues raised.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



B Defeating and Suppressing

**back down bring down clamp down knock down
pull down put down wear down**

Eventually he backed down on the question of seating.

A national strike would bring the government down.

The authorities have got to clamp down¹ on these trouble makers.

I bumped into and nearly knocked down a person at the bus stop.

The council said it would close the flats and pull them down².

We've been encouraged all our life to put down women's talk.

It was one of the recognised nuisance-tactics designed to wear down the patience of the court.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 **Crack down** means almost the same as **clamp down**.

Both exist as nouns.

...a clampdown on wasteful spending...

...a crackdown on criminals

2 **Demolish** is a more formal word for **pull down**, and **knock down** means almost the same; **put up** means the opposite of **pull down**.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- To ... on people or activities means to take strong official action to stop or control them.
- If you ... people ..., you weaken them or their position by being more persistent than they are.
- If you ... on something, you accept someone else's point of view or agree to do what they want you to do, even though you do not really want to.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 Most commentators agree that this was the issue which | A you almost knocked that woman down. |
| 2 The government issued orders | B and was pulled down in the mid-seventeenth century. |
| 3 They tried to wear down the management's resistance | C by holding a series of strikes. |
| 4 She knew he wouldn't back down, | D brought down the SPD government in May. |
| 5 Don't drive so fast, | E to clamp down on the opposition. |
| 6 A lot of people will be delighted | F to see him put down. |
| 7 The house was sold to James I in 1605 | G he had too much to lose. |

1	2	3	4	5	6	7

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 He fought with a kind of hideous, heedless, mechanical energy, slowly
his man
backed down wearing down clamping down
- 2 In the end I , it just wasn't worth losing a job over.
backed down knocked down put down
- 3 Some of these street children are..... by cars as they dash
among the traffic.
put down knocked down backed down
- 4 Certain countries have on refugees seeking asylum.
brought down pulled down clamped down
- 5 In the 1580s, Sir Francis Willoughby his family home at
Wollaton and rebuilt it.
brought down pulled down wore down
- 6 I don't intend to be so easily on questions of fact.
backed down clamped down put down
- 7 In Poland unofficial strikes the unpopular Gomułka
regime.
brought down knocked down backed down

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 If someone you and is really mean and rotten to you, you
should retaliate in some way.
- 2 Why did they all those houses ?
- 3 He threatened to prosecute us but he eventually
- 4 I was nearly by a hefty slap on the back.
- 5 These night calls are me
- 6 Lawrence Daly aggressively promised to the Government.
- 7 The Federal Reserve has on bank lending.

C Completing or Failing

**break down close down let down
settle down stand down turn down**

An unhappy marriage which eventually breaks down¹ often results in disturbed children.

If the firms failed to make enough money, they would close down.

It would be best to run away now but she could not let Jimmie down: he needed help.

Alan told her that after this, he would settle down and marry her.

She was asked if she was prepared to stand down² in favour of a younger candidate.

She applied for a job in a restaurant, but was turned down³.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 Break down also exists as a noun:

There was a serious breakdown of communication.

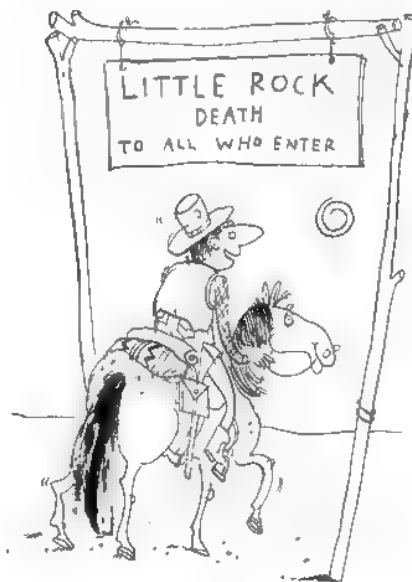
2 Step down means almost the same as **stand down**.

3 Reject means almost the same as **turn down**.

1 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 I explained about his offer and said | A the school system had let them down. |
| 2 At the end of July, the sewage system had broken down | B following a geological survey. |
| 3 If the President doesn't stand down before the election, | C and the lavatories ceased to flush. |
| 4 They felt strongly that | D and settle down. |
| 5 The mines had been closed down | E the next president will almost certainly be from the right. |
| 6 You have to get a job | F it was too good to turn down |

1	2	3	4	5	6



'Looks the kind of place a guy could settle down, find a woman, learn to read.'

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 No doubt about it, Jordache, you did well to the job in the department.
settle down close down turn down
- 2 They're my old school.
closing down standing down breaking down
- 3 The talks over differences on doctrine.
broke down turned down let down
- 4 There were rumours that the Prime Minister would
break down stand down turn down
- 5 Charlie's never me yet.
broken down let down stood down
- 6 You're over forty now, you should and start thinking about bringing up a family.
break down settle down let down

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 You're so silly. You regularly yourself , don't you?
- 2 I have an invitation for Saturday.
- 3 Garages are a handy institution whenever the car.....
- 4 Paul will never..... , he enjoys travelling too much.
- 5 The factory has had to be due to the recession.
- 6 She said, 'I'll if the meeting wants me to.'

4 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



D Writing and Recording

go down as lay down put down
put down to take down

You, Freneau, would go down in history as his assassin.

There are laws which lay down¹ what employers and employees must and must not do.

You haven't put Professor Mangel's name down on the list.

All this can be put down to advances in engineering.

The postmistress began to take down² the message.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

¹ Stipulate is a more formal word for lay down.

² Copy down, jot down, note down and write down all have similar meanings.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 When you words or numbers, you write or type them somewhere.
- 2 If you what someone is saying, you listen to them and write it down or record it.
- 3 If you one thing another thing, you believe that it is caused by another thing.
- 4 If someone or something a particular thing, they are regarded, remembered, or recorded as that thing.
- 5 If laws, rules, or people in authority what people should do, they state that this is what must be done

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 There were morning sessions for women and | A he and Neil Foster were the real heroes. |
| 2 He set up a tape recorder at Peter's bed | B to take down anything he might say. |
| 3 Sadly, they too grow up to be battering husbands. The phenomenon is put down | C my wife put down for Tuesdays and Thursdays. |
| 4 A government should lay down | D to the climate of violence in which the boy has grown up. |
| 5 Although this will go down as my day, | E national policy for various sectors of education. |

1	2	3	4	5

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- I've never kept accounts. It's a mistake to what one spends, or to add up what comes in.
go down as put down put down to
- It seemed unsafe to anything coincidence.
put down to go down as take down
- He told her he would just like to her name and address.
take down put down to go down as
- These were the conditions by the Department of Health.
taken down laid down put down to
- This performance will one of the best ever seen
put down to take down go down as

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- Jill was a story from Frank's dictation.
- Planning is the key! Let the twenty-first century in history the century of planning!
- The small thought in that 1968 report grew into a big idea.
- The policy has been and agreed for years.
- The whole thing will be the unfortunate fact that the crisis occurred while the boss was away.

E Other meanings

get down to live down pin down talk down to

Sixth-form pupils look after the children while the mother gets down to some serious teaching.

If you were beaten by Jack, you'd never live it down.

Police forces are continuing inquiries to try and pin the whereabouts of the suspect down.

Parents can't dictate to their adolescent children or talk down to them.



'If I have to pin it down to one thing I would say your most attractive feature is your wallet!'

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If someone ... you, they talk to you in a way that shows that they think they are more important or more clever than you.
- 2 If you are unable to ... a mistake, failure, or foolish action, you are unable to make people forget that you did it.
- 3 If you try to ... something which is hard to define or describe, you try to say exactly what it is or what it is like.
- 4 When you ... something, you start doing it seriously and with a lot of attention.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- 1 The more he tried to pin them down
- 2 Children always sense immediately
- 3 When some of the terrible tension subsided,
- 4 Even if you live to be a hundred,

- A you won't live this down.
- B we were able to get down to the business of the session.
- C when you are talking down to them.
- D on what they were talking about the vaguer they got.

1	2	3	4

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb.

- 1 I think it would be best if we ... business.
- 2 It is the story of a girl who finds it impossible to ... her past.
- 3 He ... everybody – he likes to think he's better than we are
- 4 He was anxious to ... the Minister ... to a decision.

DOWN Revision exercises

- 1 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.
 1 In Britain, by contrast, self-made men often try to their social origins.
bring down play down narrow down stand down
- 2 The real choice is whether I can afford to the money Bob is offering.
turn down wear down take down put down
- 3 Saunders then the business in hand.
went down as put down to got down to let down
- 4 A bus came screeching to a stop, practically him
slowing down standing down putting down knocking down
- 5 If he us again, we'll have to find someone else to do the work.
lives down lets down breaks down dies down
- 6 The fight to inflation and reduce unemployment must be our first priority.
come down turn down lay down bring down
- 7 The police have to on drug smuggling.
clamp down scale down pin down close down
- 8 If you can also spell and a telephone message correctly you will be a real asset to the firm.
put down pull down take down run down
- 9 The fighting overnight.
turned down died down closed down pinned down
- 10 Whatever happens tomorrow, she'll in history a great stateswoman.
go down as put down to come down to talk down to
- 11 He said he would at the end of the year.
keep down live down bring down stand down
- 12 Try to him to a date.
put down take down pin down cut down
- 13 Making this project confidential is partly so that it can be more effective and partly to the number of people who know what is going on.
keep down clamp down let down talk down to

- 14 The most obvious piece of advice, therefore, is to in any way possible. (Preferably to zero!)
calm down bring down wear down cut down
- 15 It's only gradually that the barriers between the sexes are
settled down broken down calmed down lived down
- 16 She has an infuriating habit of people in small ways.
narrowing down putting down closing down standing down

2 Complete the phrasal verbs in groups A–D below.
 When you have finished, check your answers on page 15.

A Decreasing and Reducing

k... p down
 n...rr... down
 pl... down
 r...n down
 sc... down
 s...w down

t...n down br... down

C

Completing or Failing

s...d down

cl... down

s...t... down

l... down

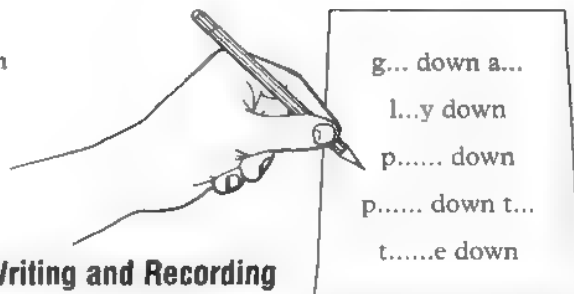
B

Defeating and Suppressing

b...k down
 br... down
 cl...p down
 kn... down
 p...l down
 p... down
 w...r down

D

Writing and Recording



IN

Below are the four most important meanings of IN and one group of other meanings. In all 24 phrasal verbs have been selected.

Under each of the headings you will see a list of the phrasal verbs you are going

to practise. Some verbs appear more than once, as many phrasal verbs have more than one meaning.

You can write other phrasal verbs with the same meaning in the space provided. Use a dictionary if necessary.

A Inserting and Absorbing

plug in
put in
sink in
take in

B Including

fit in
fit in with
take in
throw in

C Being involved and active

call in
come in
fill in
go in for
join in
put in
settle in

D Beginning

bring in
come in
phase in
set in

E Other meanings

come in for
fill in (two meanings,
give in
stay in

A Inserting and Absorbing

plug in put in sink in take in

A television set is a fire risk if left plugged in¹ over night.

If you pour hot water into a glass, put a spoon in² first to absorb the heat.

It took a moment or two for her words to sink in.

Mrs Stannard shook hands, her eyes taking in Karin from head to foot.



'Perhaps we have to plug it in ourselves.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Unplug means the opposite of plug in.
- 2 Stick in means almost the same as put in.

1 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|------------------------------------|--|
| 1 He puts in the coins | A listening and watching and taking it in. |
| 2 The prisoners had nothing to do | B and plugged in the earphones. |
| 3 Alex had been the perfect pupil, | C and dials the number in Toulouse. |
| 4 He put on a record | D but let their situation sink in. |

1	2	3	4

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 All machines work better if you them
take in sink in plug in
- 2 I smelt it, and at first it smelt like chlorine which is
taken in put in sunk in
- 3 The implications of this did not at first
sink in put in plug in
- 4 I didn't all he was saying.
take in sink in plug in

3 Write the correct form of the phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 The lady across the aisle showed him how to his headphones
.....
- 2 As he read out the documents and explained them, I few of these details
- 3 To design a car that goes faster the designer could either a more powerful engine, or reduce the weight.
- 4 Has any of what I've been saying ?

4 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



B Including

fit in fit in with take in throw in

You seem to fit in¹ an enormous amount of work every day.

They manufacture mild steel to fit in with² modern methods of production

I flew on to California, deciding to take in Florida on the way home.

We only had to pay £9 for bed and breakfast, with lunch thrown in.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 Squeeze in and work in mean almost the same as fit in.

2 Tie in with means almost the same as fit in with

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you something such as a film, a museum, or a place, while you are on holiday or travelling somewhere, you go to see it or visit it.
- 2 If you an extra item when you are selling something or arranging something, you add it or include it in order to persuade people to buy the thing or accept the arrangement.
- 3 If you manage to a person or task, you manage to find time to deal with them.
- 4 If something a system, method, idea, or situation, it is suitable and works successfully as part of it.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| 1 The old sort of love no longer | A but I can fit you in on the 9th. |
| 2 Americans go up to Oxford and | B fits in with our changing needs. |
| 3 A few minor reforms had been | C thrown in to sweeten the temper of the local people. |
| 4 I'm on holiday next week, | D take in the Cotswolds in a day. |

1	2	3	4

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 He the software for the same price.
took in fitted in threw in
- 2 The guided tour most of the famous architectural sites of Turkey.
took in fitted in with threw in
- 3 I'll try to a visit to the school while I'm in Edinburgh, but I'm not promising anything.
throw in fit in fit in with
- 4 I'm willing to your way of doing things.
throw in fit in with fit in

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 They can't do it today, so they will it when they have a van in that area.
- 2 They the matching handbag for another hundred francs.
- 3 I don't think that'll very well the present system.
- 4 As a woman's world widens from a small domestic centre to the complexities of the outside world ...

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



C Being involved and active

call in come in fill in go in for join in put in settle in

Riot squads known to every Frenchman simply as the CRS were called in¹ and for the first time armed with submachine guns.

Let me just come in² on this, because Clive is not giving the whole story.

I'll fill you in on the details now.

I don't go in for that sort of fishing.

When other games are played, he tries to join in.

Half of them were putting in forty-five hours a week or more.

Madame Maire gave her three weeks to settle in.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Bring in means almost the same as call in.
- 2 Barge in, break in, butt in and cut in are all similar in meaning, but they often suggest a rude interruption, whereas come in does not.

1 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Eric, would you like to come in here 2 Then they began to sing 3 How's the new teacher settling in? 4 Come back to the office and 5 I was certainly pleased by 6 Before you call in the water board, 7 Her father was a builder and decorator in Birmingham, | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A I'll fill you in. B check that the pipes are not frozen. C and she went in for drama without really knowing what it was. D to give us your views on the matter. E and in a moment all the voices joined in. F He's still a little lost, actually. G the level of effort everyone put in today. |
|--|--|

1	2	3	4	5	6	7

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 I've never jewellery.
gone in for come in put in
- 2 Is this a private fight or can anyone ?
call in fill in join in
- 3 Had he but asked, he could undoubtedly have men of the highest international eminence.
joined in called in settled in
- 4 He needs to be on the situation in Vietnam.
put in filled in come in
- 5 There's plenty of time to get
settled in put in called in
- 6 Could I here? I do happen to have quite a lot of experience in this field.
call in go in for come in
- 7 During the campaign, the President has been 80 hour weeks that seem to include endless White House dinners.
filling in putting in coming in

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Kate should be able to you on what's been happening since you've been away.
- 2 We the police and accused the boys of stealing.
- 3 He had worked hard all his life, overtime at the plant whenever he could get it.
- 4 They raced round the Lakes on high-powered motor-bikes, and prodigious drinking sessions.
- 5 Jane, would you like to here?
- 6 And how are you , Mr Swallow?
- 7 Several people the applause.

D Beginning

bring in come in phase in set in

We intend to bring in legislation to control their activities.

Years ago, when miniskirts first came in, all the girls rushed to buy them.

Beveridge's original plan was to phase in¹ adequate old-age pensions in the period up to 1956.

By the time he had got it back in place, panic had set in².

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 Phase out means the opposite of phase in.

2 This meaning of set in is only used of something unpleasant.

1 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- 1 There is probably more than enough time
- 2 They had to find a roof to live under
- 3 The Labour Government in 1965
- 4 We used coal gas

- A brought in a new Trade Disputes Act.
- B to phase in this enormous resource well before fossil fuels become exhausted.
- C before natural gas came in.
- D before the cold weather set in.

1	2	3	4

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 We're the new computer system over a period of three years.
coming in setting in phasing in
- 2 Every year the fashion changes: new colours and styles change
bring in come in set in
- 3 The bad weather has for the winter.
set in phased in brought in
- 4 The Lloyd George Government the Munitions Act of 1915.
set in came in brought in

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

1 The Health and Safety at Work Act last year.

2 A quarter of a million workers won local agreements to a thirty-nine-hour week much sooner.

3 Technology offers many alternatives that could be

4 A feeling of anti-climax

4 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



E Other meanings

come in for fill in give in stay in
British industry does come in for a great deal of criticism.

We filled in¹ all the customs forms.

One of the other girls is sick and I said I'd fill in².

You certainly don't give in³ and meekly let the child have her way.

We stayed in⁴ the whole evening, didn't go to the disco at all.



'I know what – let's stay in and get some fresh air.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Fill out means almost the same as fill in.
- 2 Stand in means almost the same as fill in.
- 3 Surrender and back down mean almost the same as give in.
- 4 Stop in means almost the same as stay in

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you ... , you admit that you will have to do something you have been trying not to do, or that you will not be able to do something you wanted to do.
- 2 If you ... , you remain at home rather than going out and enjoying yourself.
- 3 If you ... for someone, you do the work that they normally do because they are temporarily unable to do it.
- 4 If you ... a form, you write all the information that is requested in the appropriate spaces.
- 5 If someone or something ... criticism, blame, or abuse, they are criticized, blamed, or insulted.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 Ask for a claim form, fill it in | A and send it to the social security office. |
| 2 She was a domineering woman | B Can you fill in for me? |
| 3 The October index of basic wage rates due on Thursday | C I have to stay in and work. |
| 4 I've got to go to the doctor's this afternoon. | D and she didn't normally give in so easily. |
| 5 I can't go out tonight, | E will come in for special scrutiny. |

1	2	3	4	5

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- I don't like going out much, I prefer .. with a good book.
- Who's for Gordon next week?
- your name and address here.
- She was certain only of one thing – she would not . . . to them.
- His son, who had sponsored their publication, for some adverse criticism.

4 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



IN Revision exercise

1 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 I'm very busy at the moment, but I'll try and you on Friday afternoon.
call in join in phase in fit in
- 2 Does this what you were doing on 'Quality'?
fit in fit in with come in for set in
- 3 If you the furniture , it's a deal.
throw in come in give in go in for
- 4 Sorry, I'd just like to here to clarify a few points.
bring in come in put in settle in
- 5 The first volume took me a couple of years during which I seldom less than fifteen hours of work daily.
took in put in stayed in threw in
- 6 We're nicely, thank you.
setting in fitting in with settling in filling in
- 7 I think we should it , rather than get rid of the old system altogether.
bring in phase in join in plug in
- 8 I'm sorry I missed the meeting. Could you me on what happened?
fill in bring in call in sink in
- 9 It must be treated quickly before infection
settles in joins in sets in takes in
- 10 Acts covering agriculture were in 1952 and 1956
come in sunk in called in brought in
- 11 She to the temptation of lying around in bed all day.
gave in took in joined in put in
- 12 I hope you're all this – the exam's on Monday remember.
sinking in taking in settling in staying in
- 13 We need some extra help, we can't keep for people when they're sick
fitting in putting in joining in filling in
- 14 something gentle and uncompetitive like yoga.
Come in for Give in Go in for Fit in with

OFF

Below are the five most important meanings of OFF and one group of other meanings. In all 29 phrasal verbs have been selected.

Under each of the headings you will see a list of the phrasal verbs which you are

going to practise. Some verbs appear more than once, as many phrasal verbs have more than one meaning.

You can write other phrasal verbs with the same meaning in the space provided. Use a dictionary if necessary.

A Leaving and Beginning

drop off
kick off
see off
set off
spark off
take off

B Rejecting and Preventing

hold off
keep off
lay off
put off
write off

C Stopping and Cancelling

break off
call off
let off
take off

D Decreasing

cool off
fall off
level off
wear off
work off

E Finishing and Completing

finish off
go off
pay off
pull off

F Other meanings

go off two meanings
rip off
show off
tell off

A Leaving and Beginning

drop off kick off see off set off spark off take off

I can drop Daisy off on my way home.

They kicked off a two-month tour of the U.S. with a party in Washington.

She saw him off at the station.

He set off¹ on another of his European pleasure tours.

There was a risk that the decision would spark off² a conflict.

A steady stream of aircraft was taking off and landing.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 Set out, start out and start off mean almost the same as set off.

2 Trigger off and set off mean almost the same as spark off.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- If one thing a state or event, it causes the state or event to exist or happen, often by accident.
- When you someone , you go with them to the station, airport, or port that they are leaving from, and say goodbye to them there.
- When you an event or discussion, you start it.
- When you , you start a journey.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 If no one is seeing you off, | A Right. Who kicks off? |
| 2 Could you drop me off at the post office? | B which might, eventually, have taken off. |
| 3 Are we ready for the debate? | C on another four-hour trek through the swamps. |
| 4 His letter of praise and support at that time | D I'll take you. |
| 5 The strike caused the collapse of many small businesses | E I have to send a parcel. |
| 6 We set off | F had sparked off a friendship between the two men. |

1	2	3	4	5	6

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 His comment a debate on the economic policies of the present government.
sparked off took off dropped off
- 2 Okay. Let's by discussing the new software.
set off kick off drop off
- 3 Are you someone too?
setting off seeing off kicking off
- 4 Why are you so late? Oh, I had to my wife , her car's at the garage.
take off set off drop off
- 5 Dan down the mountain to find help.
dropped off sparked off set off
- 6 Money-market funds have faster than the space shuttle.
dropped off sparked off taken off

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Do-it-yourself began seriously to in the 1930s.
- 2 Also there to us was John Ryan.
- 3 Every morning I have to the kids at school.
- 4 We're early on Sunday morning to avoid the traffic.
- 5 Can they meet the demand by the boom in TV video?
- 6 At 10 p.m. Prince Charles 45 minutes of fireworks.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



B Rejecting and Preventing

hold off keep off lay off put off write off

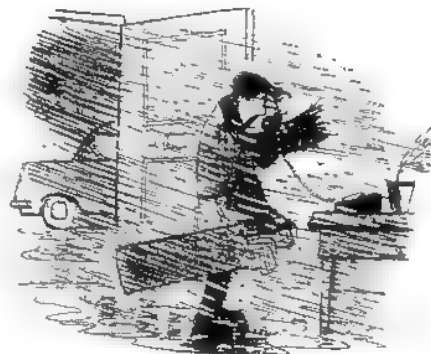
The French and British wanted to hold off Portuguese textile competition as long as possible.

If you don't keep off the street with your bicycle, I'll take it away.

So if demand falls, the company lays men off'.

Don't put it off till tomorrow.

'Whatever you do,' she pleaded, 'don't write off philosophy without even trying it'.



'Put it off? Because of a little shower?'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 There is also a noun:

Textile companies announced 2,000 fresh layoffs last week.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- If you someone or something, you decide that they are unimportant, useless, or unlikely to be successful and that they are not worth further consideration.
- If you an event or appointment, you delay or postpone it.
- If you an enemy, an opponent, or an attack, you prevent them from successfully attacking you or competing against you.
- If workers are, they are told by their employer that they have to leave their jobs because there is no more work for them to do.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 He can't be put off any more. | A if they think the price is going to come down. |
| 2 Laying off workers | B is not necessarily a solution to our financial problems. |
| 3 What did your father say about your writing off his car? | C to keep off the flies. |
| 4 She had a veil pulled down all round her hat | D Leaving out the swear words - nothing! |
| 5 Everyone holds off buying as long as they can, | E You'll have to see him this week. |

1	2	3	4	5

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 They did not have enough ammunition left to another charge if the enemy came in strong and hard.
lay off hold off write off
- 2 The directors made plans to 3,000 workers.
lay off keep off put off
- 3 I starting it time and again, frightened of the sheer scale of the project.
write off keep off put off
- 4 You can't them just because we haven't heard from them for four days. Give them a bit longer.
hold off keep off write off
- 5 There is going to be a revolution, so the roads.
hold off keep off put off

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 They kept signing the paper.
- 2 Having a job helps them the streets.
- 3 They were able to a very much superior attacking force.
- 4 City workers are being at the rate of 100 a week.
- 5 Should an insured car be in an accident, the insurers will usually pay the current value of the vehicle.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



C Stopping and Cancelling

break off call off let off take off

Diplomatic relations were restored after being broken off during the war.

On the eve of her departure the strike was definitely called off, and she was sure of her flight.

We have been let off our homework because of the concert.

Bill and I took time off from work and flew to France.



'Well, thank goodness common sense has prevailed. It seems Gascoigne's agent has let the referee off with a severe warning.'

1 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- 1 If you can't behave yourself,
- 2 Until further notice I have been taken off
- 3 He believes that if he works all day
- 4 Men seem to be more skilled at

- A he should be let off domestic chores
- B breaking off relationships than women.
- C we might as well call the whole thing off.
- D all routine duties and given a rather special job.

1	2	3	4

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 She arranged with the principal of her school to the necessary time from school.
break off let off take off
- 2 Then things began to go wrong. He the relationship.
broke off let off took off
- 3 The boss us work early because of the public holiday tomorrow.
broke off called off let off
- 4 Classes will be on Thursday and Friday.
taken off called off broken off

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 They hoped that the strike would be
- 2 With that, Cities Service the merger talks.
- 3 You have to Christmas Day as a holiday.
- 4 He me with a reprimand.

4 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



D Decreasing

cool off fall off level off wear off
work off

We cooled off from the heat with a refreshing swim.

We knew that the numbers of overseas students would fall off' drastically.

This growth in demand levelled off² after 1973.

The effect of the aspirin had worn off and her toothache had come back.

We should all be able to work off our stress physically.



'Of course, I've had to diversify a bit since the crowds fell off.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 **Drop** means almost the same as **fall off**, and **ease off** and **slacken off** have similar meanings.
- 2 **Stabilize** is a more formal word for **level off**. **Level out** means the same as **level off**.

1 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

1	2	3	4	5

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 When it starts to , take another tablet.
work off level off wear off
- 2 The curve of natural economic growth was almost certainly starting to
level off cool off work off
- 3 I need to some of this extra weight I'm carrying around.
level off work off wear off
- 4 Vita's love for him was
falling off cooling off working off
- 5 Economic growth in the Far East will only slightly.
fall off cool off work off

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 He used to his anger by listening to very loud and very heavy music.
- 2 They forecast that cheque volumes will soon stagnate at around 3.7 billion and begin to at the end of the decade.
- 3 He seems to have on the negotiation idea.
- 4 Property values are continuing to go down, but estate agents say that they may soon
.....
- 5 The pain soon
.....

4 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



E Finishing and Completing

finish off go off pay off pull off

We had to work until midnight to finish them off¹.

The ceremony at the Arc de Triomphe went off² exactly as planned.

He had used the firm's money to pay off³ gambling debts.

You have just pulled off⁴ one of the biggest arms deals in the twentieth century.



◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Polish off is an informal expression for finish off.
- 2 Pass off means almost the same as go off.
- 3 Repay means almost the same as pay off
- 4 Bring off and carry off mean almost the same as pull off

1 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 The most common reason for borrowing 2 He had cooked a chicken 3 To Francois's great joy the introduction went off 4 She had succeeded, triumphantly: | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A without a flaw. B she had pulled it off. C and the two of them finished it off together at one sitting. D is to pay off existing loans. |
|--|--|

1	2	3	4

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 I've had problems the job.
finishing off paying off going off
- 2 Before leaving Cape Town I tried to a minor academic miracle.
pull off pay off go off

3 The last formalities without a hitch.
pulled off went off finished off

4 How long will it take to the loan? Ten years? Twenty?
pull off pay off go off

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

1 We decided to go back and the wine.

2 One could not such a surrealistic venture without investing an enormous amount of time and money.

3 The show magnificently, especially the special effects.

4 So she fell into debt and had to it by selling her house.

4 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



F Other meanings

go off rip off show off tell off

The gun went off as he was putting it away.

Food that has 'gone off' has been infected with bacteria that cause illness.

The local shopkeepers were all trying to rip off² the tourists.

He was afraid the others might think he was showing off³ or being superior.

When I was told off⁴ by my parents, it was nearly always justified.



'Take no notice - he's showing off.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 **Decay** is a more formal word for **go off**.
- 2 **Rip off** is very informal. **Cheat** means almost the same as **rip off**.
There is also a noun.
They knew it was a rip-off.
- 3 This meaning of **show off** is used to show disapproval.
- 4 **Reprimand** is a formal word for **tell off**.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If someone you . . . , they cheat you by charging you too much money for something
- 2 If you , you try to impress people by making your skills or good qualities very obvious.
- 3 If food or drink , it becomes stale, sour, or rotten.
- 4 If a gun , it is fired; if a bomb , it explodes.
- 5 If you someone , you speak to them angrily because they have done something wrong.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| 1 Stop showing off. | A going off by accident is slight. |
| 2 The court wastes my time | B Can't you see everybody's bored with your war stories. |
| 3 Smell this, will you? | C and the lawyers rip me off! |
| 4 Don't tell me off again, dad, | D I think it's gone off. |
| 5 The probability of a nuclear weapon | E I did my best. |

1	2	3	4	5

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- The milk's again.
- I'm fed up of people thinking they can me .. just because I'm a foreigner.
- My mother me for not clearing up my room.
- I could hear the bombs
- There were lots of kids on the diving board.

OFF Revision exercise

1 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

1 Bradlee was one of the few persons who could that kind of thing

drop off pull off write off tell off

2 This incident could another war.

rip off let off spark off pull off

3 It was the new delegates who tried to Thursday's march before it was too late.

fall off pay off drop off call off

4 Do not sound harrassed, or you will be as a hysterical woman

written off held off put off kicked off

5 Remember food very quickly in this heat.

kicks off holds off finishes off goes off

6 There are rumours that British Leyland are going to another 1,000 workers.

wear off lay off work off set off

7 At exactly four minutes to three they

set off sparked off ripped off called off

8 The effect of the drug won't until tonight.

break off let off wear off put off

9 He was eager to the new car.

cut off tell off fall off show off

10 At best they lose some money by being work for a while.

told off laid off finished off paid off

11 As it happened the meeting well

pulled off put off went off showed off

12 These metal attachments normally take longer than that to

go off spark off set off cool off

13 The pilot turned the plane into the wind to

hold off take off work off rip off

14 The Apache warriors the fight and carried his bleeding body away.

broke off cut off saw off wore off

15 The boss has her for taking long lunch breaks.

worn off worked off told off written off

ON

Below are the three most important meanings of ON and one group of other meanings. In all 21 phrasal verbs have been selected.

Under each of the headings you will see a list of the phrasal verbs you are going

to practise. Some verbs appear more than once, as many phrasal verbs have more than one meaning.

You can write other phrasal verbs with the same meaning in the space provided. Use a dictionary if necessary.

A Continuing

drag on
get on
go on
keep on
pass on
ramble on
stay on

B Progressing

come on
get on
move on
urge on

C Beginning

bring on
catch on
come on
move on to

D Other meanings

get on
go ON (two meanings)
lay on
look on
take on

A Continuing

drag on get on go on keep on
pass on ramble on stay on

Some legal cases have dragged on¹ for eight years.

Perhaps we can get on with the meeting.

*She turned to Poirot again. 'Yes, go on.'²
Go on finding out.*

Only half the workforce will be kept on after this order has been completed.

The union head office may be able to pass on³ helpful information, or it could put you in touch with someone who will be able to help you.

The professor was always rambling on about his favourite subject.

Pupils have to stay on⁴ at school till they are 16.



'Would the gifted children carry on quietly with the chapter on Propositional Calculus.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 **Drag along** means the same as **drag on**.
- 2 **Carry on** and **keep on** mean almost the same as **go on**. All of them are followed by an '-ing' form (gerund).
- 3 **Send on** is similar to **pass on** except it implies sending something by post
- 4 **Leave** means the opposite of **stay on**

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you doing something, you continue to do it.
- 2 If someone....., they talk or write for a long time in a rather confused and disordered way
- 3 If an event or process, it progresses very slowly and takes longer than seems necessary
- 4 If you with an activity, you start doing or continue doing it.
- 5 If you someone at work or school, you continue to employ them or continue to educate them.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 She had to start work while her brothers | A She seems to be a very nice girl. |
| 2 The weeks dragged on, | B but no one ever came to see me. |
| 3 I love playing golf – I could go on playing like this forever. | C and I got on with things on my own. It was much easier. |
| 4 What is he rambling on about? | D were kept on at expensive private schools. |
| 5 I always pass on good advice | E Don't you ever want to improve? |
| 6 However, I'm seriously thinking of letting her stay on. | F It is never any use to oneself. |
| 7 She pretty soon gave up, | G I can't understand a thing. |

1	2	3	4	5	6	7

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- I can recall the words you were kind enough to ... to me during our romantic lunch a week ago.
go on ramble on pass on
- You needn't ... any longer tonight. No need for both of us to be tired tomorrow morning.
stay on drag on get on
- Charles is ... when most of the summer staff have gone.
got on stayed on kept on
- Shall we ... with the game now? Ready when you are.
stay on go on drag on
- But there I go, ... Please forgive me.
rambling on dragging on passing on
- I ... with my work most weekends.
stay on pass on get on
- The meeting just ... and on and once again nothing was decided.
rambled on dragged on got on

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 You would sooner or later be approached and asked if you would like to as a permanent member of the staff.
- 2 He picked up his pen to with his letter.
- 3 Philip assured her that he had the invitation.
- 4 Without the systematic bombing which took place, the war could have for years.
- 5 Then she dismissed worry and guilt as self-indulgence and with the business of loving and enjoying him.
- 6 'You've been very decent to me tonight, letting me about myself.'
- 7 Some councils make a grant to a pupil over 16 at school.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



B Progressing

come on get on move on urge on

How's your house coming on¹? When will it be finished?

Oh, yes, Mary is getting on² well. First in her class last week. Clever girl.

It was very clear that the world of the Sixties had moved on, had left him, and most of his world, behind.

The President, reportedly urged on³ by his vice-president, has decided to attend the talks



'For Heaven's sake ask him how he's getting on with his body building course.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Come along means almost the same thing as come on.
- 2 Get along means almost the same as get on. They are both often used in the continuous tense
- 3 Egg on and spur on mean almost the same as urge on

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you someone, you encourage them to do something.
- 2 If you ask how someone is with an activity, you are asking about their progress.
- 3 If people's ideas, knowledge or beliefs, they change and become more modern.
- 4 If something is, it is making progress or developing.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- 1 The world moved on and progressed,
- 2 Murat's not too keen on studying,
- 3 How is your son getting on at school?
- 4 Note that California wines

- A Well, I wouldn't say he's hopeless, but he has to cheat to come last
- B but time stood still in this little village
- C come on more quickly than their French counterparts.
- D he has to be urged on a bit.

1	2	3	4

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 The Count had asked him how he was and Tim had said fine.
moving on getting on urging on
- 2 Both decisions the Tartars to new forms of protest.
got on came on urged on
- 3 The truth is that the world is about to from the era where knowledge comes locked up in devices known as books
move on get on come on
- 4 Research on this application is quite well now.
moving on coming on urging on

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 You should have been with your translation in the meantime.
- 2 I've People change in ten years, you know.
- 3 I am trying to him to 'try things out for himself'.
- 4 My new book is quite well now.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



C Beginning

bring on catch on come on move on to

Maman missed dinner because the experience had brought on one of her migraines.

He hasn't really caught on¹ to the system

It develops most often in the age period between 6 and 10. It can come on quite rapidly, so don't ignore the signs.

The conference was able to move on to² other matters of a wider interest.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- ¹ **Cotton on** means almost the same as **catch on**
- ² **Come on to, get on to, go on to, pass on to and turn to** mean almost the same as **move on to**.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If a cold, headache, or some other medical condition is , it is just starting
- 2 If someone to something, they understand and learn something.
- 3 If you a particular topic, you bring that topic into a conversation or lecture after you have been talking about something else.
- 4 Something that a bad situation or condition, such as an illness or pain, causes it to occur.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 If we now move on to voting behaviour | A brought on a severe attack of angina. |
| 2 The journey had already | B a headache coming on. |
| 3 One of these days he'll | C the pattern becomes more complicated. |
| 4 I think I've got | D catch on to what's happening and then we'll be in real trouble. |

1	2	3	4

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 The prevalent attitude is to blame technology for having .. the environmental problems we face today.
caught on brought on moved on to
- 2 At forty that's old age
coming on moving on to bringing on
- 3 We ... the topic of careers.
came on caught on moved on to
- 4 He'll ... eventually
catch on come on bring on

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Let me .. quite a different area.
- 2 She was feeling sick. It felt like a migraine ..
- 3 Back strain .. by heavy work may be regarded as an injury.
- 4 I think she'll .. quickly.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



D Other meanings

get on go on lay on look on take on

He feels he may have been responsible. He has never got on¹ well with his son and daughter-in-law.

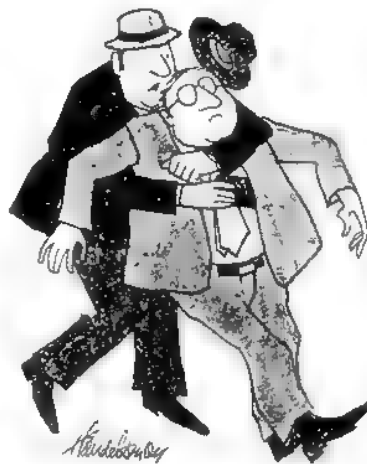
'My dear Pluskat,' he said icily, 'we don't know yet what's going on². We'll let you know when we find out.'

Summerhill children do not go on³ to be criminals and mobsters after they leave the school.

The organisers had laid on⁴ buses to transport people from the city.

He knew I would be able to read them. He could only look on⁵ and nod. Because he and his friend were illiterate.

Lord Beaverbrook has taken on a most difficult, delicate, and thankless task.



'I hate to do this, but I've just taken on a huge mortgage.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Get along means almost the same as get on.
- 2 Happen means almost the same as go on
- 3 Move on, press on and push on all have similar meanings. Go on is usually followed by the infinitive 'to do' or the preposition 'to'.
- 4 Put on means almost the same as lay on.
- 5 There is also a noun:
The onlookers just gawped in disbelief.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you say that something is, you mean that it is taking place at the present time.
- 2 If you to do something, you do it after you have finished something else.
- 3 If you while something happens, you watch it without taking part yourself.
- 4 If you a new job, task or responsibility, you accept it and try to do what is required.
- 5 If you with someone, you like them and have a friendly relationship with them.
- 6 If you something such as food, entertainment, or a service, you provide or supply it.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 The Indians, indifferent to death, | A the press laid on an informal drinks party for us. |
| 2 When he had exhausted this interest | B with her than you did last night. |
| 3 One of the most astute of Hollywood agents | C to figure out what was going on. I still don't know. |
| 4 Early this evening, | D just looked on and, I suspect, would have let him drown. |
| 5 You seem to have got on a good deal better | E had taken on the job of trying to sell Mr Nixon's memoirs. |
| 6 I spent three weeks down there trying | F would he be able to go on to mathematics. |

1	2	3	4	5	6

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 'Let's to compare teacher/student ratios and costs in higher education.'
- The first tram service was from the Abbey to the Station.
- There is a great shortage of computer staff and much of the work is part-time or freelance by married women.
- The first problem was to find out what was actually
- The person there with whom he best was the Count.
- Your donkeys will be dragged away while you, and they will not be given back to you.

ON Revision exercises**1** Match the phrasal verbs below to their meanings.

- | | |
|--------------|---|
| 1 get on | A when you bring a particular topic into a conversation or lecture after you have been talking about something else |
| 2 get on | B when you accept a new job, task or responsibility and try to do what is required |
| 3 move on to | C when you like someone and have a friendly relationship with them |
| 4 move on | D when you start doing or continue doing an activity |
| 5 take on | E when something causes a bad situation or condition to occur |
| 6 go on | F when people's ideas, knowledge, or beliefs change and become more modern |
| 7 bring on | G when something is taking place at the present time |

1	2	3	4	5	6	7

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 Children are often bored and very frustrated because they are not fast enough with their reading.
bringing on getting on rambling on staying on
- 2 She more work than is good for her.
takes on gets on goes on moves on
- 3 It had been understood in the family that I would to university.
look on take on keep on go on
- 4 What's ? Why is everyone outside?
getting on going on dragging on catching on
- 5 Another thing, sir. When I was in Pretoria, I didn't at all well with this man Muller.
get on move on go on urge on
- 6 It'll his cough again.
urge on get on bring on lay on
- 7 She is coming over to see us both next week to see how we're
staying on dragging on getting on laying on

8 Everybody avoided him when they sensed one of his moods

moving on catching on rambling on coming on

9 Can we the next point on the agenda?

get on go on move on to lay on

10 He had to have a drink.

caught on brought on kept on stayed on

3 Write the letters A, B, or C next to the phrasal verbs below, according to their meaning. Check your answers by looking back at page 55. Then use different colours to highlight each group.

		get on	
			get on
	move on		
		bring on	
	drag on		
ramble on			catch on
come on			go on
keep on			urge on
	stay on		
		come on	
	pass on		pass on
		move on to	

A	Continuing
B	Progressing
C	Beginning

OUT

Below are the six most important meanings of OUT and one group of other meanings. In all 44 phrasal verbs have been selected.

Under each of the headings you will see a list of the phrasal verbs you are going

to practise. Some verbs appear more than once, as many phrasal verbs have more than one meaning.

You can write other phrasal verbs with the same meaning in the space provided. Use a dictionary if necessary.

A Leaving and Beginning

break out
check out
go out
set out
take out

B Removing and Excluding

cancel out
clean out
cross out
get out of
keep out
knock out

C Searching and Finding

leave out
opt out
pull out
rule out
talk out of
throw out
check out
find out
make out
sound out
try out
turn out
work out

D Producing and Creating

come out
put out
set out
speak out
spell out

E Supporting and Helping

bear out
give out
help out
look out
point out

F Ending or Disappearing

phase out
run out
sell out
wear out
wipe out

G Other meanings

carry out
fall out
sort out
stand out
take out on

A Leaving and Beginning

**break out check out go out set out
take out**

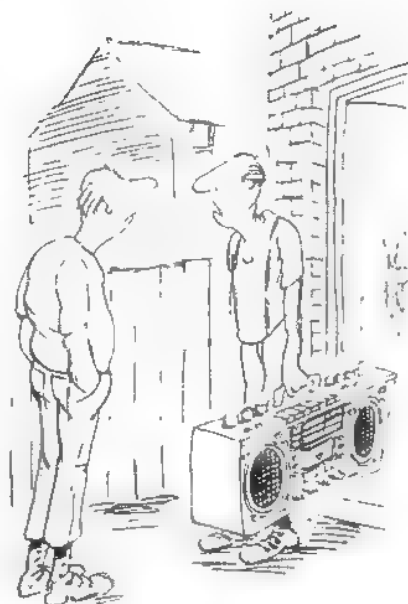
*When war broke out¹ my father joined the Navy
and he was drowned at sea.*

*She checked out² of the hotel and took the train
to Paris.*

I have to go out, I'll be back late tonight.

*Once more they set out³ to climb the slope of the
mountain.*

Why don't you take the children out?



*'Can't go out tonight - my
battery's flat.'*

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 There is also a noun:
...a severe outbreak of food poisoning.
- 2 Check in means the opposite of check out.
- 3 Set off, start off and start out mean almost the same as set out
There is also a noun:
You should explain this to him at the outset.

1 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 Billy thanked him and picked up his suitcase | A because she had gone out shopping |
| 2 What time do we have to check out by in the morning? | B Do you have regular fire drill practice? |
| 3 He offered to take us out | C Eleven o'clock, madam. |
| 4 He could not ask her immediately, | D for a drink or something. |
| 5 Would you know what to do if a fire broke out in your work place? | E and set out to walk to The Bell and Dragon. |

1	2	3	4	5

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 Immediately an argument ... about the wisdom of the decision.
set out went out broke out
- 2 If I am to get any sleep I must go, for tomorrow I .. for my own village before sunrise.
go out set out take out
- 3 It was the first time in my ten years of marriage that I had .. at night, leaving my husband behind to baby-sit.
gone out checked out set out
- 4 She had before I got up. There was no forwarding address.
broken out checked out taken out
- 5 Here in America men were quite obviously their entire families – including the children.
setting out taking out breaking out

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 In the near future, we can expect the same revolt to in other world capitals as well.
- 2 She had decided to get married and stay in England and not to Africa.
- 3 I Andrea to dinner one evening
- 4 I got my letters and papers together and for the address he gave me. It wasn't far.
- 5 'We'll be tomorrow. Could you have our bill ready, please?'

4 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



Bad Jokes

4 Find the logical ending for each of the jokes beginning on the left.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1 What did one candle say to the other candle?</p> <p>2 Where do cows go for a night out?</p> <p>3 Why did the banana go out with the prune?</p> <p>4 Mother, you promised to take me out to see the monkeys.</p> <p>5 Most women set out to try to change a man,</p> | <p>A He couldn't find a date.</p> <p>B To the moo-ooo-vies.</p> <p>C Are you going out tonight?</p> <p>D Johnny, why do you want to go out to see the monkeys when your little brothers are here?</p> <p>E and when they have changed him they do not like him.</p> |
|--|---|

1	2	3	4	5

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



B Removing and Excluding **Part 1**

cancel out clean out cross out get out of keep out knock out

The drug produces side effects, tending to cancel out the benefits.

I spent three days cleaning out¹ our flat.

You haven't got time to rewrite it, just cross out² clearly what you want to change and write it above

I think they're trying to get out of³ their obligations under the agreement

They had a guard dog to keep out intruders.

Their aim is for the Social Democrats to knock out the Labour Party.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Clear out means almost the same as clean out.
- 2 Delete means almost the same as cross out.
- 3 This is an informal use. Wriggle out of means almost the same as get out of

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If one thing another thing or if two things each other , they have opposite effects, so that when they are combined no real effect is produced.
- 2 To someone or something of a place means to prevent them from entering it or being there.
- 3 If you doing something, you avoid doing it.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 Fascism seems to be spreading here. | A to cancel each other out. |
| 2 The explosion hurt no one, | B just cross it out and rewrite it above. |
| 3 Why on earth are you going, then? | C except that it knocked out Colonel Lacour. |
| 4 It's not worth doing a draft during an exam, | D I'll have to clean it out next weekend. |
| 5 Increased productivity and generous staffing could be said | E It's too late to get out of it. |
| 6 The garage is a mess again. | F We have got to keep crazy 'isms' out of our country. |

1	2	3	4	5	6

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 I would promptly write it down and then it again.
cross out keep out cancel out
- 2 To intruders every inch of this labyrinth was mined.
cross out keep out clean out
- 3 The one effect tends to the other
cancel out cross out get out of
- 4 He made me fill a form in. And there was no way I could it.
keep out get out of cross out
- 5 Regularly food cupboards.
keep out clean out cancel out
- 6 The tablet had her for four hours.
crossed out cleaned out knocked out

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 I had to massage the wound and it every day.
- 2 I couldn't writing the script, I was contractually committed
- 3 Now and then he frowned, something and rewrote it.
- 4 Noise would be reduced but this would be by extra traffic at Luton airport.
- 5 Almost 2000 tanks had been of action by missiles.
- 6 The curtains did not the diffused lamplight from the street below.

B Removing and Excluding

Part 2

leave out opt out pull out rule out talk out of throw out

One or two scenes in the play were left out¹ of the performance.

He tried to opt out of political and economic decision-making.

We've invested too much money and manpower to pull out now.

They can't rule out² the possibility that he was kidnapped.

He tried to talk me out of³ buying such a big car.

I can remember my parents throwing out⁴ their old furniture.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

¹ Miss out means almost the same as leave out

² Dismiss means almost the same as rule out.

³ Talk into means the opposite of talk out of.

⁴ Throw away means almost the same as throw out

1 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|---|
| 1 It's no use trying to talk me out of it, | A of health authority control. |
| 2 Her parents threw her out | B so you will have to leave me out. |
| 3 Police have ruled out murder | C I've made up my mind. |
| 4 Hospitals are opting out | D when they found she was pregnant. |
| 5 I shan't be available, | E but are still holding several people for questioning. |
| 6 You have to pay a 10% deposit | F which you lose if you pull out. |

1	2	3	4	5	6

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- I spent the whole of last night trying to her resigning.
opt out talk out of pull out
- I knew that if I didn't do the work pretty quickly I'd be and replaced.
opted out thrown out talked out of
- There were many people who had of the rat race.
opted out thrown out left out
- A search had the possibility of further bombs
pulled out thrown out ruled out

- 5 I'm aware that we've had to much interesting and important work.
leave out opt out talk out of
- 6 Troops had begun to of the area.
pull out leave out rule out

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Washington need not a selective military aid program.
- 2 He his party of the coalition.
- 3 Today there is a growing tendency for people to
- 4 New societies may be tempted to the principles of democracy.
- 5 She managed to herself going.
- 6 Just go through it and check that you haven't anything

Bad Jokes

4 Find the logical ending for each of the jokes beginning on the left.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1 Is it true my baby brother came from Heaven?</p> <p>2 Why was Cinderella thrown out of the England football team?</p> <p>3 Why was your brother thrown out of the submarine service?</p> <p>4 Why did a man throw his watch out of the window?</p> | <p>A To see time fly.</p> <p>B Yes, and I don't blame God for throwing him out.</p> <p>C Because she kept running away from the ball.</p> <p>D He liked to sleep with the windows open.</p> |
|---|---|

1	2	3	4

C Searching and Finding

check out find out make out sound out try out turn out work out

It might be difficult to transfer your money, so check it out with the manager.

I'm only interested in finding out¹ what the facts are.

It is sometimes difficult to make out what is said over an airport loudspeaker.

Kids at school were always sounding her out about their chances of being moved to the top of the list.

Oxford is trying out another idea to help working parents.

It may look true in the short run and turn out to be false in the longer run.

We are always hopeful that a more peaceful solution can be worked out².



'Well, it's going fine at the moment, but if they ever find out we're chocolate coated with a minty centre we could be in big trouble.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 Discover means almost the same as find out.

2 Figure out means almost the same as work out.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you, someone, you ask them questions in order to find out their views, especially about what should or will happen in a particular situation.
- 2 If something or someone to be a particular thing, they are discovered to be that thing.
- 3 If you, a solution or a plan, you think about it carefully and find a solution or decide what to do.
- 4 If you can something, you manage to see or hear it.
- 5 If you something, you find out about it or examine it because you want to make sure that everything is correct or safe.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 She felt sheer terror | A before we buy it. |
| 2 Frank was going to check out the restaurant floor | B turn out to be dysentery or paratyphoid infections. |
| 3 I'm going to lose my French passport, | C until she made out Tim's friendly wave and heard his voice calling. |
| 4 Some epidemics of intestinal flu | D who have been sounded out on the subject suggested your name. |
| 5 All the members of the English Department | E unless I can work something out. |
| 6 Let's try it out | F to see whether anything unusual was going on. |
| 7 We found out | G that she was wrong. |

1	2	3	4	5	6	7

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- Could you the appointments for my trip next week?
sound out try out check out
- We're it at the moment, but we haven't had any feedback yet.
trying out turning out making out
- I the train times.
found out turned out made out
- We could begin to the best ways to help these youngsters.
make out turn out work out
- He could the spires of Notre Dame across the miles of roofs.
make out find out turn out
- Standard Oil's officials were by Conoco's investment banker.
made out sounded out worked out
- This may not seem particularly earthshaking, but it could to be one of the most momentous developments of the decade
sound out try out turn out

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Those people who have been on this were, on the whole, favourable.
- 2 A police officer would be the statement Mrs Mossman had just made.
- 3 The Marvin's house to be an old converted barn.
- 4 It's best to this first on a bit of spare fabric.
- 5 Can you how much it costs?
- 6 I stopped and sat down to where I would go next.
- 7 He could just the number plate of the car.

Bad Jokes

5 Find the logical ending for each of the jokes beginning on the left.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 What is ignorance? | A to find out for themselves how wonderful you are. |
| 2 Do you think insects have brains? | B In three days no one could stand him. |
| 3 Why did the girl rhino paint her head yellow? | C Yes, they soon work out where we're holding our picnic. |
| 4 'The Texan turned out to be good-natured, generous and likeable. | D to find out what they want and then advise them to do it. |
| 5 Modesty is the art of encouraging people | E When you don't know something and somebody finds out. |
| 6 I have found that the best way to give advice to your children is | F She wanted to find out if blondes have more fun. |

1	2	3	4	5	6

D Producing and Creating

come out put out set out speak out spell out

Remember this report came out¹ after the election.

The World Wildlife Fund put out² a press release.

Operating instructions are clearly set out³ at the side of most public telephones.

He spoke out early against the war in Vietnam.

The first person to spell this out clearly was Alvin Toffler in his book 'Future Shock'.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 **Appear** means almost the same as **come out**.
- 2 **Issue** means almost the same as **put out**.
- 3 **Lay out** means almost the same as **set out**.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you something, you explain it in detail or in a very clear way.
- 2 If you, you express your views forcefully and publicly, especially in order to criticize or oppose something.
- 3 If a statement or story is, it is officially told to people.
- 4 If you facts, ideas, or opinions, you explain them in writing or in speech in a clear and organized way.
- 5 When something such as a book, it is published or becomes available to the public.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 I'm afraid I don't understand | A in condemnation of the massacre. |
| 2 The book came out first in Germany | B where it has sold 160,000 copies. |
| 3 The story that the committee will put out | C Let me spell it out for you – you're fired |
| 4 She did not speak out | D with all its stages set out carefully. |
| 5 The proposed project must be detailed, | E has nothing to do with the truth. |

1	2	3	4	5

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 He against racial discrimination many times.
set out put out spoke out
- 2 He asked me to send him any new stamps which might ...
come out speak out put out
- 3 This is in the critical writings of the American art world.
spoken out spelled out come out
- 4 He a statement denouncing the commission's conclusions.
spoke out came out put out
- 5 Let us proceed to the results. They are below in Table 3.3.
put out set out spoken out

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Important aspects of the cost of studying in Britain are
here: tuition fees and living expenses.
- 2 Various scare stories have been during the last few years.
- 3 It seems only yesterday that Opus 100 , and now he's past the halfway mark of his second symphony.
- 4 Garrett wouldn't dare against Byrne.
- 5 Let me try and what I mean by that.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



E Supporting and Helping

**bear out give out help out look out
point out**

She provided a strong counter-argument, with some witnesses to bear her out

'They also give out¹ information about courses for teachers of English

Neighbourhood associations help out the poor with funeral expenses.

'Look out²,' I said. 'There's someone coming.'

Critics were quick to point out the weaknesses in these arguments.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 Hand out and pass out mean almost the same as give out.

A **handout** is a document which gives information about something and is given to people free

2 Watch out and mind out mean almost the same as look out

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 You say or shout to warn someone that they are in danger.
- 2 If you someone, you do them a favour, such as lending them money or doing some of their work.
- 3 If someone or something what you are saying, they support what you are saying.
- 4 If you something, you give people an important piece of information or correct their mistaken ideas

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|---------------------------------------|
| 1 Look out. | A Others refuse to part with any. |
| 2 Come back at the end of the week if you're still short of money | B the claims made for it. |
| 3 The machine did not in fact bear out | C and I'll see if I can help you out. |
| 4 She pointed out | D 'There's someone coming. |
| 5 Some employers give out a lot of information. | E that he was wrong. |

1	2	3	4	5

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 I this to you in a letter last week
bore out pointed out gave out
- 2 The claims are not by the evidence.
borne out given out looked out
- 3 Someone saw the second hand-grenade and said : ‘ , he’s got another’.
Help out Look out Point out
- 4 My parents us when Bruno was born.
bore out gave out helped out
- 5 ‘I’m sorry; we’re not permitted to that information.’ Miss Young was polite but firm
bear out point out give out

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 ‘It’s a golden opportunity, really,’ Johnson
- 2 ‘..... , I’m going to drop a rock,’ I shouted.
- 3 Howard drinks to his guests.
- 4 She with the instruction.
- 5 ...and, Gill, perhaps you’ll me on this, we got very similar results to Hobson’s.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



E Ending or Disappearing

phase out run out sell out wear out wipe out

Gold has been phased out of the monetary system.

We were rapidly running out of money.

Shops almost immediately sold out of the advertised goods.

Visitors wear us out¹ more than the children do.

Epidemics wiped out² the local population.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

¹ Exhaust and tire out mean almost the same as wear out

² Eradicate is a more formal word for wipe out.

1 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 Can I use your lighter? | A We'll have to phase the old one out as we train people. |
| 2 That isn't show jumping. | B the memory of his years in prison. |
| 3 We can't just change over to the new system tomorrow. | C I've run out of matches. |
| 4 Could I buy some sun cream? | D It's a marathon designed to wear the horse out. |
| 5 He was determined to wipe out | E Sorry, we've sold out. |

1	2	3	4	5

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- Did you get it? No, they'd by the time I got there.
wiped out phased out sold out
- There's no point in yourself
wearing out running out phasing out
- What did you do when you of toilet paper?
wore out wiped out ran out

4 Many tribes were by contact with European settlers.
phased out sold out wiped out

5 I think we should it over a
 two-year period.
phase out run out wear out

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

1 This type of weapon was now being finally

2 They planned one big assault to the remains of the ghetto.

3 I'm sorry we've of that particular brand.

4 It looks as if oil will faster than coal.

5 They us with their constant screaming and crying.

4 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



G Other meanings

**carry out fall out sort out stand out
take out on**

The first experiments were carried out by Dr Preston McLendon.

She had fallen out so severely with her parents that she couldn't go home.

It was an intelligence test, intended to sort out the children capable of attempting the papers.

The Australian tour stands out as the most satisfying and enjoyable of them all.

I was in a depressed and hostile mood, needing to take my bad feelings out on someone.



'Understaffed!!! - I've carried out five operations this morning and I'm only the janitor!'

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you something someone, you behave in an unpleasant way towards them because you feel angry or upset.
- 2 If something from other things of the same kind, it is much better or much more important than those other things.
- 3 If you with someone, you have an argument and are no longer friendly with them.
- 4 If you a group of things, you consider them carefully and divide them into categories that are clearly different from each other.
- 5 If you a task, you do it.

2 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 It was the only time we ever , in all those years together.
- 2 She most of her unhappiness her husband.
- 3 He gave guarantees that such a policy will be if his Party achieves office
- 4 The remaining girls were collecting and the balls.
- 5 This is one of the things that in my memory.

OUT Revision exercises

- 1 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.
 - 1 It took quite a while to all our luggage.
fall out sort out bear out keep out
 - 2 When the book, I was very anxious to know about sales.
came out put out cleaned out broke out
 - 3 Martha and Wilf's mother at Lily's wedding and they haven't spoken since.
spoke out bore out crossed out fell out
 - 4 Measles had in the village.
broken out come out checked out set out
 - 5 Do not these as gimmicks: they are very useful.
carry out rule out sound out work out
 - 6 I think it was quite clearly in the report.
helped out spelled out spoken out gone out
 - 7 We cannot prove that what we know is true, and it may to be false.
sound out pull out turn out take out
 - 8 Neither Asquith nor Grey in public to clear Haldane's name
spelled out looked out pointed out spoke out
 - 9 I was my desk at the office on my last day there.
cleaning out selling out knocking out trying out
 - 10 'Woman' magazine has just a survey.
carried out opted out spoke out broke out
 - 11 Mr Dekker and his son to walk to Whitelake River.
set out put out got out of kept out
 - 12 Hospitals are of health authority control.
phasing out making out opting out putting out
 - 13 Mr Merrit, this problem to you the other day.
wiped out wore out put out pointed out
 - 14 Should I it and wash the pot?
rule out find out opt out throw out

- 15 The little money she had was and she had herself and two children to keep.
checking out turning out running out putting out
- 16 We'll do anything to work
talk out of fall out get out of bear out
- 17 Faye Seidel her husband his plan.
got out of talked out of threw out sorted out
- 18 You used to me to shows.
give out wipe out take out check out
- 19 We can't Uncle Jack We've invited the whole family apart from him.
wipe out sound out leave out carry out
- 20 First of all, we have to how much it costs. Phone them up and ask.
try out break out put out find out
- 21 Harris's assertion is hardly by the facts.
spoken out fallen out knocked out borne out
- 22 Economists have tried to an alternative economic system.
find out work out clean out sell out

2 Write the letters D or E next to each phrasal verb depending on which of the two groups each belongs to. Check your answers by looking at page 67.

help out		put out
	give out	
		bear out
set out		
	D Producing	
	E Helping	
look out		come out
		point out
spell out		

OVER

Below are the two most important meanings of OVER and one group of other meanings. In all 13 phrasal verbs have been selected.

Under each of the headings you will see

a list of the phrasal verbs you are going to practise.

You can write other phrasal verbs with the same meaning in the space provided. Use a dictionary if necessary.

A Considering and Communicating

look over
put over
talk over
think over

B Changing and Transferring

change over
hand over
take over (two meanings)
win over

C Other meanings

get over with
pass over
run over
smooth over

A Considering and Communicating

look over put over talk over think over

Sometimes he would look over the article I had written, shrug, and tear it up.

The university's prospectuses didn't put it over¹ the way I wanted to.

I'll talk it over with Len tonight and let you know tomorrow.

He said he would leave me alone to think things over² for five minutes.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

¹ Put across, get across and get over all have similar meanings.

² Chew over, mull over and turn over mean almost the same as think over; consider is a slightly more formal word

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 When you an idea, you succeed in describing or explaining it to someone.
- 2 If you something, you discuss it with someone.
- 3 If you someone or something, you examine or inspect them in order to get a general idea of what they are like.
- 4 If you something, you consider it carefully before making a decision.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 How did the philosopher manage to get the elephant across the Atlantic without using a boat or plane? 2 There's plenty of opportunity for you 3 With the modern resources available, 4 If you're worried, | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A get the vet to look it over. B He just thought it over. C you can put a message over nationally or world-wide. D to talk your problems over with someone. |
|--|--|

1	2	3	4

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 He knew she was busy him , but he didn't turn round.
talk over looking over putting over
- 2 I agreed to go home and things with my father.
talk over put over think over
- 3 Take your time. it for a few days, but I think it's a great opportunity.
Talk over Put over Think over
- 4 There are enough of them to their point of view.
think over look over put over

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 How to it to the class, that's the trouble.
- 2 We all met in Pat's room, to what we had seen.
- 3 He was called in to the bomb damage to the House of Commons.
- 4 When a person tells you, 'I'll it and let you know' – you know.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



B Changing and Transferring

change over hand over take over win over

They had been Socialist till several years ago, then they changed over¹ to Conservative.

Sir John handed over to his deputy and left.

Some people wanted to take over² my father's oil importing business.

He was 'Jacko' Reed, a former rugby star who had recently taken over as manager of the bank's main branch in the city.

Local radio stations have done their best to win over³ new audiences.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 **Go over, move over and switch over** have similar meanings.

There is also a noun:

The changeover took place at Easter.

2 There is also a noun.

The trend towards takeovers has intensified.

3 **Win round** means almost the same as **win over**.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you to someone, you give them the responsibility for dealing with a particular situation or problem.
- 2 If you a job or a responsibility, you start doing it or being responsible for it after someone else has finished.
- 3 If you someone, you persuade them to support you or agree with you.
- 4 To from one thing to another means to stop doing or using one thing and change to something else.
- 5 To a company or a country means to gain control of it.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 Most smokers have changed over | A could probably take over the country. |
| 2 Well-trained and equipped troops | B isn't too familiar with the procedures. |
| 3 A new chairman or managing director who has just taken over | C by the courtesy and direct simplicity of the people. |
| 4 I was completely won over | D to a milder cigarette. |
| 5 Children are often handed over | E to the child-minder at seven a.m. |

1	2	3	4	5

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- Thornaby ... as secretary in 1976.
won over took over changed over
- We began to ... a sizeable number of members to our cause.
take over hand over win over
- The agency has advised its clients to ... or merge with another company.
take over change over win over
- We've just ... our computer system ... to IBM.
taken over won over changed over
- I will willingly retire from this investigation and ... it ...
hand over change over take over

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- The I.P.C. was ... by the huge Reed Paper Group.
- We should consider ... from electricity to gas: it's so much cheaper.
- She gave a short welcoming speech and ... to her assistant.
- Benn had succeeded in ... those in authority to the workers' cause.
- When the insects ... the world, we hope they will remember with gratitude how we took them along on all our picnics.

C Other meanings

get over with pass over
run over smooth over

*Let's try and get this meeting over
with as quickly as possible.*

*Neither of us got the job. We were
both passed over¹ in mysterious
circumstances.*

*The sweat rolled down my neck, and
we almost ran over² some little animal
or other that was crossing the road.*

*She tried to smooth over the
differences between them.*



*'The practice of astrology took a major step
toward achieving credibility today when, as
predicted, everyone born under the sign of
Scorpio was run over by an egg lorry.'*

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 This meaning of **pass over** is always passive. **Be rejected** means almost the same as **be passed over**.
- 2 **Run down**, **knock down** and **knock over** mean almost the same as **run over**

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you are ... for a job or position that you are trying to get, it is given to someone who is less well-qualified or experienced than you
- 2 If a vehicle ..., someone or something, it hits them or drives over them causing injury or damage.
- 3 If you ..., something ..., you do and complete something unpleasant that must be done.
- 4 If you ... a problem or a difficulty, you talk about it in a way that makes it seem less serious and easier to deal with

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1 What would happen if I were to become ill</p> <p>2 He was grateful for his help in smoothing over</p> <p>3 He wanted to get this miserable business over with</p> <p>4 Cindy knew why she had been passed over:</p> | <p>A what could have become an embarrassing scene.</p> <p>B I got away as quickly as possible</p> <p>C as quickly as possible.</p> <p>D or get run over by a bus?</p> |
|--|---|

1	2	3	4

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- Give Woods his final warning now and it
- I tried to the awkwardness of this first meeting.
- He was completely out of control and narrowly avoided a group of pedestrians.
- Arnold had recently been for promotion.

Bad Jokes

4 Find the logical ending for each of the jokes beginning on the left.

- | | |
|--|--|
| <p>1 Is your sister a bad driver?</p> <p>2 I'm not a fighter, I have bad reflexes.</p> <p>3 I'm very sorry, but I've just run over your cat. I'd like to replace it.</p> | <p>A I was once run over by a car being pushed by two guys.</p> <p>B How good are you at catching mice?</p> <p>C Well, every time she goes out in the car, Dad puts a glass panel in the floor so that she can see who she's run over.</p> |
|--|--|

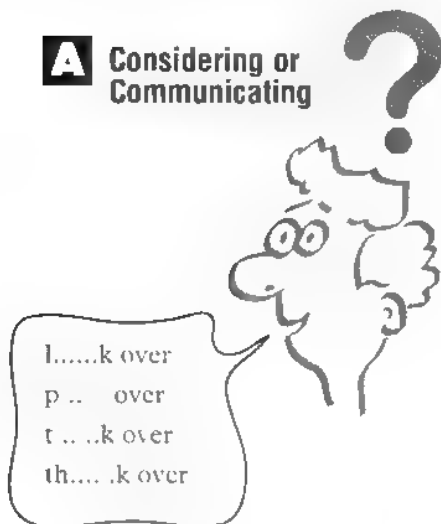
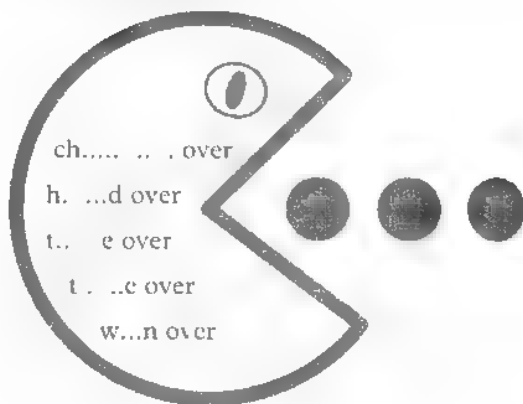
1	2	3

OVER Revision exercises

1 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 No tycoon has ever been able to it
win over run over take over look over
- 2 He got it into his head he was being for promotion.
passed over got over with smoothed over taken over
- 3 Someone had to try and things between them.
run over put over take over smooth over
- 4 Can we just this questioning ?
talk over get over with win over think over
- 5 It is difficult for her to her own thoughts.
put over get over with change over hand over
- 6 I wanted to one or two business problems which we had discussed.
win over think over change over get over with

2 Complete the phrasal verbs given in the two meanings illustrated below. Check your answers on page 87.

A Considering or Communicating**B** Changing or Transferring

UP

Below are the seven most important meanings of UP and one group of other meanings. In all 65 phrasal verbs have been selected.

Under each of the headings you will see a list of the phrasal verbs which you are

going to practise. Some verbs appear more than once, as many phrasal verbs have more than one meaning.

You can write other phrasal verbs with the same meaning in the space provided. Use a dictionary if necessary.

A Increasing and Improving

back up	grow up
bring up	pick up
brush up	push up
build up	save up
cheer up	speak up
do up	(two meanings)
dress up	speed up
go up	stir up

B Preparing

draw up	soften up
fix up	warm up
set up	

C Approaching

catch up
come up against
face up to
keep up
live up to

E Completing and Finishing

check up	give up
clear up	pull up
(two meanings)	sum up
cover up	tidy up
do up	use up
drink up	weigh up
end up	wind up
follow up	

F Happening and Creating

bring up
come up
come up with
make up
pick up (two meanings)
think up
turn up

D Disrupting and Damaging

blow up	mess up
break up	mix up
hold up	ship up

G Collecting and Being together

look up	put up
make up	take up on
pick up	

H Other meanings

look up	take up
make up for	turn up
put up with	

A Increasing and Improving Part 1

back up bring up brush up build up
cheer up do up dress up go up

The more bills you can include to back up¹ your claim, the happier the finance department will be.

I brought up two children alone.

I need to brush up my English: I haven't used it for seven years.

We helped to build up the wealth of this country.

Her friends tried to cheer her up, telling her she wasn't missing much.

They wanted payment in cash for doing up² the kitchen of one of his cottages.

Rather than sit at home, they all get dressed up and go out.

The price of petrol and oil related products will go up steadily.



"Mine too - every week it's 'meat's gone up' - 'clothing's gone up' - 'rent's going up'..."

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 **Support** means almost the same as back up.

There is also a noun.

the tremendous computer back-up which each mission required

2 **Renovate** is a more formal word for do up.

1 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- 1 Body temperature doesn't stay fixed at 98.4 F.
- 2 If too much pressure builds up,
- 3 Another mistake.
- 4 She bought strawberries
- 5 We should back up the system every evening,
- 6 Fathers are beginning to play a bigger role
- 7 The theatre was horrible,
- 8 She was glad that she was all dressed up

- A in bringing up children, with benefits to everyone.
- B You need to brush up your shorthand.
- C to cheer herself up.
- D It is always going up and down a little, depending on the time of day.
- E and had done her hair that morning.
- F done up as cheaply as possible
- G if not we risk losing a lot of data.
- H it will explode.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 The cost of the thing you want to buy can have a lot by the time you have saved enough to pay for it.
built up gone up brought up
- 2 Their demands for independence were with quotes from western political writers.
backed up brushed up cheered up
- 3 His organizational knowledge and personal reputation has the business
.....
cheered up done up built up
- 4 Why don't we buy some flowers to ... the place ... a bit?
build up cheer up dress up
- 5 We're going to buy a small cottage in the country to ... when we retire.
do up build up go up
- 6 I can't be bothered to this evening.
cheer up dress up brush up
- 7 I've got a four-year-old son to on my own.
build up bring up brush up
- 8 I would like to ... my zoology.
dress up brush up back up

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 You can make quite a lot of money old properties.
- 2 These were the children who had been properly without parental lies and lectures.
- 3 When you go shopping all you hear is how everything has
- 4 She helped them to their French.
- 5 This claim is by the fact that every year more and more money is being spent on arms.
- 6 We're trying to a collection of herbs and spices.
- 7 I never get when I'm invited somewhere, I always go as I am
- 8 ! It's not the end of the world, you know.

A Increasing and Improving Part 2

grow up pick up push up save up
speak up speed up stir up

Children should grow up with a fond attitude towards all humanity.

The economy is picking up¹.

The Bank of Japan rightly judged that it was too early to push up interest rates to defend the yen.

They're saving up money for a holiday.

Could you please speak up. We can't hear you at the back.

Never be frightened of speaking up for your beliefs.

Bad housing and poverty speed up² the breakdown of family life.

He was prevented from speaking on the grounds that it would stir up³ trouble.



'Since my prayers are taking such an inordinately long time to get answered, I wondered if it would speed things up if you took me on privately.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Look up means almost the same as pick up, but it is more informal.
- 2 Accelerate is a more formal word for speed up
- 3 Provoke and incite are more formal words for stir up.

1 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 The players themselves should speak up | A then speed them up a bit. |
| 2 Second, the institutions have been accused of | B when you grow up? |
| 3 You can do some slower movements, | C picked up in recent weeks. |
| 4 She was one of those people | D in favour of non-racial cricket. |
| 5 The relatives will save up | E pushing up land prices. |
| 6 What do you want to be | F they won't be able to hear you. |
| 7 Retail demand for diamonds has | G who likes stirring things up. |
| 8 If you don't speak up, | H to put a child through secondary school. |

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 They're a long way ahead of us. !
Speed up Save up Go up
- 2 Why do they not for themselves?
pick up push up speak up
- 3 They in the early days of television.
grew up pushed up picked up
- 4 A rally was called to popular support for nuclear disarmament.
grow up stir up speak up
- 5 If you want to buy something that expensive, you have to
stir up pick up save up
- 6 ...techniques which the temperature to 200 C.
pick up speak up push up
- 7 You have to , to project your voice to the back of the room.
stir up speak up speed up
- 8 People like her are waiting for trade to
pick up grow up save up

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 We seem to have a bad line. Could you , please?
- 2 The new procedures are designed to the processing of insurance claims
- 3 Business should after the election.
- 4 She needed someone to for her.
- 5 It'll take me at least a year to for a new guitar.
- 6 ... a crazy scheme to corner the champagne market with a view to the price and making a huge profit.
- 7 I've lived in London for seven years, but I in Newcastle.
- 8 Being back in the hospital unpleasant memories.

B Preparing

draw up fix up set up soften up warm up

The committee drew up¹ a five-point plan to revive the economy.

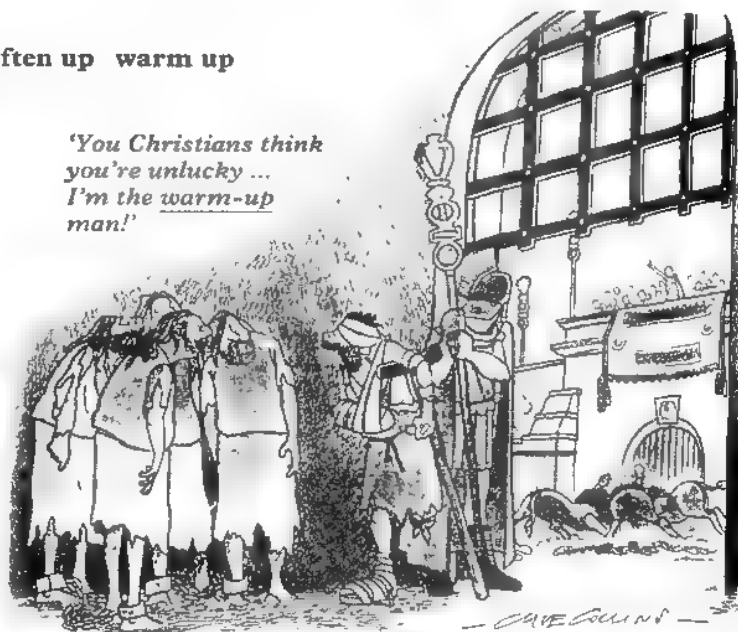
Have you done anything about fixing up² a meeting place?

The first thing to do in a crisis is to set up a committee.

I wondered if there was any hope of softening him up³?

Shall we have a game straight away, or would you rather warm up⁴ first?

'You Christians think you're unlucky ... I'm the warm-up man!'



◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 **Formulate** is a formal word for **draw up**.
- 2 **Arrange** is a more formal word for **fix up**, **line up** means almost the same
- 3 **Butter up** and **sweeten up** mean almost the same as **soften up**
- 4 **Limber up** and **loosen up** mean almost the same as **warm up**
There is also a noun and an adjective:
During the warm-up exercises, I was still shaking.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you something, you make the arrangements that are necessary to achieve it.
- 2 When you a document, list, or plan, you prepare it and write it out.
- 3 If you someone, you praise them or try to please them because you want to ask them to do something for you which they do not really want to do.
- 4 If you something, you make the arrangements and preparations that are necessary for it to start.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 Could you draw up a list | A to fix up a taxi for you. |
| 2 You can ask Jane | B on the Cuban problem. |
| 3 She is warming up on another court, | C Now we have set them up at every level. |
| 4 The school used to lack formal links with industry. | D of what we need to buy next year? |
| 5 The Ambassador is also trying to soften up Velasco | E preparing for the most important match of her career. |

1	2	3	4	5

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- It took a long time to the experiment.
draw up warm up set up
- The holiday is all you'll be pleased to hear.
fixed up drawn up warmed up
- We'll have to him first, before we ask for a new computer.
fix up soften up draw up
- A charter was , setting out their policies.
warmed up softened up drawn up
- I always spend ten minutes before a race.
drawing up softening up warming up

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- They had been trained in a special school by Brigadier James Gavin.
- We'll a nice meal for the three of us.
- The plan of action for the forthcoming election had been months in advance.
- They jogged around the track twice to
- She's me for something: I wish I knew what it was.

C Approaching

catch up come up against face up to keep up
live up to

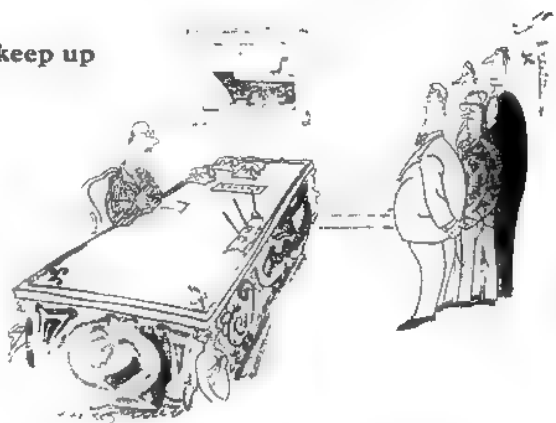
She stood still, allowing him to catch her up.

The first time I did this I came up against¹ an unforeseen problem.

Issues like these simply cannot be ignored; the problems have to be faced up to.

Penny tended to work through her lunch hour in an effort to keep up with her work

The film didn't live up to² my expectations.



◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 Run up against means almost the same as come up against

2 Measure up to and match up to mean almost the same as live up to.

'I'm sorry, J.B., the Company feels that you have failed to live up to the desk.'

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- If you, a difficult situation, you accept it and deal with it.
- If someone or something, people's expectations, they are as good as they are expected to be.
- If you, you work at the necessary speed so that you do as well as other people or get all your work done in the required time.
- If you, a problem or difficulty, you are faced with it and have to deal with it.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- His marks are fine
- His situation was desperate,
- If you're absent for two weeks,
- The only question is this:
- The child soon comes up against

- you're going to have to work very hard to catch up.
- but he faced up to it.
- can he live up to their expectations of him?
- and he doesn't seem to have any trouble keeping up.
- a whole system of prohibitions.

1	2	3	4	5

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 Fortunately both surgeon and anaesthetist the high standards of care expected of them.
came up against lived up to caught up
- 2 We may as well the fact that it isn't going to work.
face up to live up to come up against
- 3 Simon tried to the others.
catch up with come up against live up to
- 4 Everyone discrimination sooner or later.
lives up to catches up comes up against
- 5 Congratulations and the good work!
catch up with face up to keep up

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Most leaders were obsessed with with the West.
- 2 If you any problems, give me a call.
- 3 She succeeded, to my mind, in her extraordinary reputation.
- 4 The scale of change everyone needs to is that over the last five years the Sotheby's Index has shown art prices rising by 150%.
- 5 It is important to a certain standard of dress and be consistent.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



D Disrupting and Damaging

blow up break up hold up mess up
mix up slip up

They now have enough nuclear weapons to blow themselves up many times over.

The Soviet Union has broken up.

The European Community threatened to hold up¹ the negotiations.

If she got caught with me now it would mess up² the rest of her life.

I have somehow mixed up two events.

We must have slipped up³ somewhere.



◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Delay means almost the same as hold up.
- 2 This is an informal use. **Screw up** means almost the same as mess up, but is very informal.
- 3 This is an informal expression. There is also a noun:
A similar slip-up occurred later in the week.

1 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 This is an update, | A She's really messed it up this time. |
| 2 Well, gentlemen, any other business? | B He might be a minute or two late. |
| 3 How can anyone do such a bad job? | C If not, we'll break up the meeting and have a drink. |
| 4 He said he'd been held up. | D I don't think it can be as much as that |
| 5 One of the submarines blew up | E don't mix it up with the other version. |
| 6 She's slipped up in the calculations; | F and sank. |

1	2	3	4	5	6

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 He tried to .. . the Houses of Parliament.
slip up blow up hold up
- 2 That will .. . the whole analysis.
blow up slip up mess up
- 3 The whole thing was .. . about half an hour.
blown up broken up held up
- 4 His committee .. . into rival groups.
blew up held up broke up
- 5 I got .. . and forgot which interview I'd gone to first.
blown up mixed up slipped up
- 6 Someone's .. . again, they've sent the wrong cassette.
slipped up held up broken up

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 If there's any delay, it'll .. . the rest of our plans.
- 2 Headquarters has .. . again; the letter wasn't sent.
- 3 'The battleship Maine has been .. . in Havana Harbour.
- 4 'Their marriage is .. .
- 5 People even us and greet us by each other's names.
- 6 The amount of animal research being carried out is probably
..... progress rather than increasing it.

Bad Jokes

4 Find the logical ending for each of the jokes beginning on the left.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 Did you hear about the stupid terrorist who tried to blow up a bus? 2 A man rushed into a bank and pointed his finger at the cashier 'This is a mess-up!' 3 My boyfriend and I broke up. He wanted to get married, | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A and I didn't want him to. B He burnt his lips on the exhaust pipe. C 'Don't you mean hold-up?' said the cashier. 'No, mess up - I forgot my gun.' |
|--|---|

1	2	3

E Completing and Finishing Part 1

check up clear up cover up do up
drink up end up follow up

The council had checked up on her and decided that she was unsuitable for employment.

Inspector Standish was trying to clear up¹ a tiresome problem.

I'm going back till this weather clears up.

He alleged that the President knew about Watergate and tried to cover it up².

I can't do my top button up³.

Drink up. Here comes another bottle of wine.

If we go on in this way, we shall end up⁴ with millions and millions of unemployed.

It's an idea which has been followed up⁵ by the local council.



'It says he's an egotistical, shallow, insincere little bore and if he's not careful he could end up with his own chat show.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Sort out means almost the same as clear up.
- 2 Conceal and suppress are more formal words for cover up.
There is also a noun.
He demed that he took any part in the cover-up.
- 3 Fasten up means almost the same as do up. Belt up, button up, tie up and zip up are all similar but are more specific.
- 4 Finish up and wind up mean almost the same as end up.
- 5 Investigate is a more formal word for follow up.

1 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 They think there is a security leak | A pulling fiercely at the laces. |
| 2 I'm assuming that the misunderstanding | B and then you can go out and play. |
| 3 Look, it's cleared up now, | C and no house and a two-year-old child. |
| 4 Sylvia ended up with no money, no husband | D if the public find out, we're finished |
| 5 Drink your milk up | E we received on scanners. |
| 6 He started to do up his boots, | F will be cleared up soon. |
| 7 I'd like you to follow up this information | G and are trying to check up |
| 8 It has to be covered up: | H we could go for our walk |

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 Well, I'm glad we managed to that little problem.
do up clear up drink up
- 2 He would undo a window cord, it again and walk back.
check up do up end up
- 3 We taking a taxi there.
followed up ended up did up
- 4 It's time to go.
Drink up End up Do up
- 5 He had been aware that they would be on him
covering up checking up clearing up
- 6 It's an idea which has been by a group of researchers at Birmingham.
followed up done up ended up
- 7 If the weather tomorrow, we'll go up into the mountains.
follows up clears up covers up
- 8 She tried to for Willie.
cover up do up end up

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 I an advertisement for a second-hand Volkswagen.
- 2 Many of their friends in prison for terrorist activities.
- 3 He his shoelaces
- 4 The two of them a whole bottle of gin.
- 5 Let's hope the weather for Joanna's birthday party.
- 6 We have a lot of work to before the end of the year.
- 7 The police are on his story.
- 8 She hoped to anything unpleasant that might be said.

E Completing and Finishing

Part 2

give up pull up sum up
tidy up use up weigh up
wind up

I'll never be able to give up smoking.

The rain stopped as we pulled up to the hotel.

I can't sum up his whole philosophy in one sentence.

He went back to the studio and tidied it up¹.

He used up all the coins he had.

Having weighed everything up², he must have decided it was the right thing to do.

When my turn came to wind up the debate, I felt very nervous.



'Your problem is exercise – I suggest you give up jogging ...'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 Clear up means almost the same as tidy up.

2 Size up means almost the same as weigh up

1 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- 1 Aren't there any more cassettes?
- 2 Next time they thought of committing a crime
- 3 Sugar?
- 4 Ten to fifteen black-and-white police cars
- 5 To sum all this up,
- 6 They wound up the evening
- 7 Tidy everything up

- A and put it away in my locker
- B had pulled up in front of the office
- C No, I gave it up during the war.
- D No, we've used them all up.
- E by watching a video of their last holiday.
- F what we need is a reform of the grant-aid system.
- G they would weigh it up and think, 'Well it just isn't worth it.'

1	2	3	4	5	6	7

2 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 Eva was after lunch.
tidying up using up weighing up
- 2 I don't have any intention of politics.
giving up pulling up summing up
- 3 You have to in your mind whether to pursue the matter or not.
give up wind up weigh up
- 4 At the end of the discussion, he , and added a few points.
weighed up used up summed up
- 5 He saw the two men in black behind his car and get out to watch the streets.
weigh up pull up tidy up
- 6 He his talk by showing us a model of the proposed extension.
used up weighed up wound up
- 7 She did a tremendous amount of energy.
pull up use up weigh up

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 She never completely hope.
- 2 I am , the pros and the cons.
- 3 Eventually, I signalled that it was time to the game.
- 4 If we go on spending like this, we'll all our money.
- 5 She was searching for the words that would it ..
- 6 A van approaches and has to
- 7 I started to the drawers.

Bad Jokes

4 Find the logical ending for each of the jokes beginning on the left.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 Why did your uncle give up being a taxi driver? | A No, he saw my score card. |
| 2 Did you hear the rumour about the watchmaker? | B I keep trying to give up smoking, but I can't. |
| 3 The way his horses ran could be summed up in a word. | C He's just wound up his business. |
| 4 What did one dragon say to the other dragon? | D He drove all his customers away. |
| 5 Why did the doctor tell you to give up golf? Are you sick? | E Last. |

1	2	3	4	5

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



F Happening and Creating

bring up come up come up with
make up pick up think up turn up

I advised her to bring the matter up¹ at the next meeting.

I can't see you tonight. Something's come up².

The European Community commission came up with a compromise.

He was a good storyteller, and used to make up tales about animals.

Did you pick up any Turkish while you were in Turkey?

I may pick up a couple of useful ideas for my book.

I kept thinking up³ ways I could murder him without getting caught.

Protein turns up in almost every food.



'If you ask me, he makes up half of his war stories.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Raise means almost the same as **bring up**.
- 2 Crop up means almost the same as **come up**
- 3 Dream up means almost the same as **think up**

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If you a skill or habit, you learn it without making any effort
- 2 When you a particular subject, you mention it or introduce it into a discussion or conversation.
- 3 If you a plan, idea, or solution, you think of it and suggest it.
- 4 If you a clever idea, you use your imagination or intelligence to create it.
- 5 If you something such as a story, you invent it, sometimes in order to deceive people.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|--|
| 1 He was always boasting | A bargains in basement sales. |
| 2 Yet no one had come up with | B he tended to become evasive. |
| 3 If anything urgent comes up | C you can always get me on the phone. |
| 4 Her mother had liked to pick up | D where did you pick it up. |
| 5 The missing book turned up | E and making up stories about where he had been. |
| 6 Whenever she brought up the topic of money, | F a system which was infallible. |
| 7 I didn't know you could play the guitar, | G three weeks later in the stationery cupboard. |
| 8 'Some suggestion.' Calderwood snorted. | H 'Did you think this up all by yourself?' |

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- Sometimes a case of stealing is at the General School Meeting.
thought up come up with brought up
- Something pretty urgent seems to have , and she'd like you to ring her up this afternoon.
brought up picked up come up
- She told herself, 'Don't be stupid; you're things '
making up bringing up coming up
- Lo had had ample time to the rudiments of driving.
make up pick up bring up
- ...some kind of food poisoning that they at dinner.
turned up picked up brought up
- It didn't take her long to a very convincing example.
turn up come up with pick up
- You must be willing to take a job as soon as one
comes up with makes up turns up
- He informed me of a new financial agreement he had
thought up come up brought up

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 A rather delicate assignment has
- 2 Babies can easily thrush, a mild fungus infection.
- 3 Whoever this idea needs his head examined.
- 4 The kids it really fast but lose it just as quickly
- 5 You don't need to jump on a child for stories occasionally, or make him feel guilty.
- 6 I am sorry to the subject of politics yet again.
- 7 The odds against such a ratio by chance must be astronomical.
- 8 I hope to some of the answers.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



G Collecting and Being together

look up make up pick up put up
take up on

Look me up when you're next in the area.

Women now make up two-fifths of the British labour force.

*Can you pick up the kids from school tonight?
I've got a meeting.*

The Murrays had put him up for the night.

*That's very kind of you, Mr Zapp, I'll take you up on
that generous invitation.*



1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- If you someone , you visit the person after not having seen them for a long time.
- If you someone an offer they have made, you accept their offer.
- If someone you , you stay with them for one or more nights.
- The people or things that something form that thing
- If you are driving a vehicle and you someone or something , you stop the vehicle so that you can take them somewhere.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|--|
| 1 She paused a while, | A is made up of lawyers. |
| 2 She was put up | B I'll send you her address. |
| 3 When you're in Switzerland you must look up my niece Patricia. | C in case he might care to take her up on her offer. |
| 4 I picked up a hitchhiker | D at the Grand Hotel. |
| 5 Nearly half the Congress | E on the way back from Zurich. |

1	2	3	4	5

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 Young people from eighteen to thirty a third of the Civil Defence force.
put up look up make up
- 2 We can't him here.
put up take up on make up
- 3 But this suggestion is absurd, and no one him it
looked up picked up took up on
- 4 You can people, you know, that you haven't seen for a long time.
look up pick up make up
- 5 Will anyone be able to me from the station?
put up pick up look up

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 The committee, equally of men and women, sat around a long table.
- 2 I hope he doesn't you your offer to stay with us until he finds a flat.
- 3 He told me to him if I was ever in the area.
- 4 You don't have to stay in a hotel, we can you
- 5 Don't forget to the clothes from the dry cleaner's

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



H Other meanings

look up **make up for** **put up with**
take up **turn up**

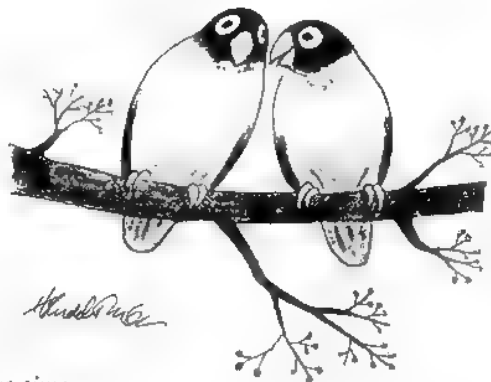
He consulted his dictionary to look up the meaning of the word 'apotheosis'.

She asked me questions about my interest in mathematics, as if to make up for excluding me from the conversation.

I'm prepared to put up with¹ it for the time being.

She decided to take up² medicine as a career.

If it's a boring game the crowds won't turn up³ next time.



'I do love you. But, to be perfectly honest, I would have loved any lovebird who happened to turn up.'

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Endure is a more formal word for put up with.
- 2 Go in for means almost the same as take up.
- 3 Show up means almost the same as turn up.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 To something that is damaged, lost, or missing means to replace it or compensate for it.
- 2 If you a piece of information in a book, or on a timetable or map, you look there to find the information.
- 3 If you an activity or job, you start doing it.
- 4 If someone, they arrive somewhere.
- 5 If you something or someone, you tolerate or accept them, even though you find it difficult or unpleasant.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|--|---|
| <p>1 Religion disciplined us and gave us the strength</p> <p>2 And why, at the age of thirty,</p> <p>3 Lally said it would help me with my geography</p> <p>4 But most of those who had attended in the morning</p> <p>5 Massive reductions in other areas would be required</p> | <p>A he took up architecture, is not clear.</p> <p>B if I went and looked it up on a map.</p> <p>C to put up with things.</p> <p>D turned up again for the afternoon session.</p> <p>E to make up for the expected shortfall in revenues.</p> |
|--|---|

1	2	3	4	5

3 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- You have to these inconveniences as best you can.
- Why don't you the address in the directory?
- At Summerhill, three boys, inspired by jazz bands, musical instruments.
- I'm not late, I haven't failed to, I'm here and I'm hungry.
- McEnroe is asking his talent alone to a shortage of match practice.

Bad Jokes

4 Find the logical ending for each of the jokes beginning on the left.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <p>1 What he lacks in intelligence,</p> <p>2 Did you hear about the secretary who was a miracle?</p> <p>3 My son has taken up meditation -</p> <p>4 Do you think my son should take up the piano as a career?</p> | <p>A No, I think he should put down the lid as a favour.</p> <p>B at least it's better than sitting doing nothing.</p> <p>C It was a miracle if she turned up to work on time.</p> <p>D he makes up for in stupidity.</p> |
|---|---|

1	2	3	4

UP Revision exercises

- 1** Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.
 - 1 My marriage in 1967, leaving me with three small children.
went up broke up warmed up stirred up
 - 2 In Africa and the Indian subcontinent women about a third of the workforce.
cheer up make up use up push up
 - 3 But I thought he'd asked Janet to on that.
mix up blow up think up follow up
 - 4 I wish that people would after themselves.
tidy up take up weigh up dress up
 - 5 If she wishes to work rather than to stay at home and her children, she should be entirely free to do so.
grow up push up warm up bring up
 - 6 I went to the matter with him.
use up clear up catch up back up
 - 7 There are hundreds of huge old houses in the south east that people are to sell at a profit.
building up coming up against holding up doing up
 - 8 It was South Africa's isolation that was forcing President de Klerk to the need for changes.
face up to fix up turn up put up
 - 9 He never reached the mountain. After the third day he , exhausted.
brushed up gave up grew up used up
 - 10 'Girls,' he said, 'a really bad thing has Bad for me, I mean, not for you. Fine for you.
brought up slipped up come up picked up
 - 11 A pharmaceutical researcher told me of being for three or four hours by border guards.
turned up held up speeded up covered up
 - 12 He this with a few horrifying anecdotes.
backed up came up made up for spoke up
 - 13 I can't it , there must be something caught in the zip.
blow up do up drink up mix up

- 14 The newspaper correctly reported that the government had
a committee.
set up drawn up summed up checked up
- 15 The visitors any amount of boredom.
come up with put up with bring up look up
- 16 If you it again, you'll be looking for a new job.
speak up end up slip up mess up
- 17 Japan successfully a modern capitalist society.
did up built up turned up put up
- 18 the address of the nearest children's clinic.
Use up Cheer up Look up Sum up
- 19 By the time we the conversation, I knew that I would not
be going to Geneva.
softened up wound up came up against kept up
- 20 Leaders had not their duties, failed to curb extremists and
had inflamed the situation.
come up against looked up held up lived up to
- 21 Trade should just before Christmas and drop off in
February.
fix up pick up take up on draw up
- 22 It took me a year to for a new coat.
pick up save up take up build up
- 23 Children with or without parental guidance.
grow up weigh up bring up go up
- 24 He was in New York, on his image as an expert in foreign
affairs
softening up cheering up brushing up turning up
- 25 a list of all the problems we've been having with the new
computers.
Set up Draw up Weigh up Wind up
- 26 A Danish journalist to interview the old guy.
turned up made up took up thought up
- 27 You have to the options very carefully before taking a
decision.
end up weigh up stir up mix up
- 28 They had to conform to a way of life to appearances.
catch up turn up cheer up keep up

2 Complete the phrasal verbs in the six groups illustrated below. Check your answers on page 95.

b.....k up
bg up
brh up
b.....ld up
ch..... up
d .. up
dr..... up
g .. up

A Increasing and Improving

gw up
pk up
ph up
s... e up
sp.....k up
s.....d up
s.....r up

d w up

f. .x up

w .. m up

B Preparing

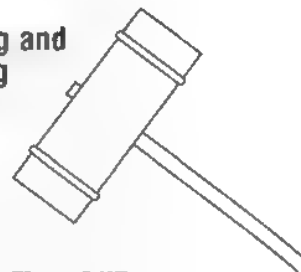
s .. t..... up

s.. t up

C Approaching

c. . .ch up
c up ag..... st
f..... e up t...
k. . . p up
l..... up t...

D Disrupting and Damaging



b.....w up m.....s up
b.....k up m.....x up
h.....d up s.....p up

E Completing and Finishing

cl up pl up
c.. u..... up sm up
fll .. up w.....gh up
ge up w.....d up

ch up
ty up
u..... up

STOP

d.. up
dr up
ed up

F Happening and Creating

br..... up
c.....e up
t.....n up
c.....e up w.....
th..... up
m.....e up
p.....k up

OTHER PARTICLES

Below are seven more particles, each with one group of phrasal verbs. In all there are 30 phrasal verbs to practise.

You can write other phrasal verbs with the same meaning in the space provided. Use a dictionary if necessary.

AHEAD Making progress or Thinking about the future

get ahead
go ahead
lie ahead
plan ahead

APART Undoing or Collapsing

fall apart
take apart (two meanings)
tear apart

AROUND/ROUND/ABOUT

Changing opinions, Avoiding, and Being inactive

bring about
bring around/round
get around/round
get around/round to
stick around

BY Being prepared, Surviving, and Visiting

drop by
get by
put by
stand by

FORWARD Looking to the future and Presenting something

bring forward
go forward
look forward to
put forward

THROUGH Completing and Being thorough

fall through
go through with
pull through
put through
think through

TOGETHER Being in groups and organizing things

get together
piece together
pull together
put together

AHEAD Making progress or Thinking about the future

get ahead go ahead lie ahead plan ahead

The only way to get ahead¹ is to move to another company.

The case will be discussed and he will be told whether or not he can go ahead².

Many seemingly insurmountable obstacles lay ahead.

They advised him to plan ahead³ for an election.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 **Get on** means almost the same as **get ahead**

2 **Proceed** is a more formal word for **go ahead**.

There is also a noun:

You have the go-ahead from the Prime Minister.

There is a related adjective:

... its go-ahead young secretary.

Forge ahead, plough ahead, press ahead and push ahead all have similar meanings.

3 **Think ahead** means almost the same as **plan ahead**.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- If you, you make arrangements in advance for some thing.
- If you, you are successful in your career.
- If an event or situation, it is likely to happen in the future
- When someone with something which they planned, promised, or asked permission to do, they begin to do it.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- The ballot
- The task that lies ahead
- Few individuals or families
- He's really got ahead incredibly quickly

- looks positively frightening.
- will go ahead immediately.
- for someone who only joined the firm three years ago.
- plan ahead systematically.

1	2	3	4

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 What of them?
planned ahead lay ahead went ahead
- 2 I admire people who ..
lay ahead go ahead plan ahead
- 3 The May day marches could
go ahead plan ahead lay ahead
- 4 You've really got to be sharp to
lay ahead get ahead plan ahead

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 If you want to in this world, you've got to work, work, work.
- 2 To be successful in business you have to months or years ..
- 3 Harder decisions
- 4 They are with the missile.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



APART Undoing and Collapsing

fall apart take apart tear apart

The treaty is falling apart¹ before it has even come into effect.

Their tasks include taking apart² and reassembling large bits of furniture.

He had read the material and was prepared to take apart³ the statement that rhetoric is an art.

He was fighting against the 'anarchy' which he insisted was tearing the Church apart.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Collapse means almost the same as fall apart.
- 2 Dismantle is a more formal word for take apart; put together means the opposite.
- 3 Pull apart and tear apart mean almost the same as take apart.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 If something a person, organization, or country, it causes them to experience great conflicts or disturbances.
- 2 If you something such as an argument, you analyse it carefully in order to show what its weaknesses are.
- 3 If an organization, system or relationship, it no longer works effectively and eventually fails or ends completely.
- 4 If you something, you separate it into the different parts that it is made from.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|---|
| <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1 They have lived through so much together; 2 Most of these machines have to be taken apart 3 The conference fell apart 4 She simply took apart my chapter | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> A to be cleaned. B what could possibly tear them apart? C with the same techniques that I had used to take apart her essay. D when the President refused to participate. |
|---|---|

1	2	3	4

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 The essay had not been a particularly great success and I'd it somewhat.
fallen apart torn apart taken apart
- 2 The nation is at the seams.
falling apart tearing apart taking apart
- 3 She is by conflicting pressures.
taken apart torn apart fallen apart
- 4 We encouraged them to explore, invent, .. . things .. . , and put them together.
tear apart fall apart take apart

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 I'll have to the bike
- 2 These were the agonies which were him
- 3 I have never enjoyed watching anyone a book in public, but this time it was justified.
- 4 Their marriage began to

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



AROUND/ROUND/ABOUT Changing opinions, Avoiding, and Being inactive

bring about bring around/round get around/round
get around/round to stick around

The Administration helped bring about a peaceful settlement.

We tried to bring him round¹ to our point of view.

An impasse has developed and I don't know how to get around² it.

I didn't get round to³ taking the examination.

Mike wanted me to stick around⁴ for a couple of days.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Bring around means the same as bring round; come round and win over mean almost the same.
- 2 Get round means the same as get around.
- 3 Get round to means the same as get around to.
- 4 Hang around and stay around mean almost the same as stick around.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- 1 To something means to cause it to happen.
- 2 If you or a difficulty or restriction, you find a way of avoiding it or of escaping its effects.
- 3 If you , you stay where you are, often because you are waiting for something.
- 4 If you or doing something, you do it after a long delay because you were previously too busy or reluctant to do it.
- 5 If someone disagrees with you and you them , you cause them to change their opinion and agree with you.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| 1 I only got around to | A and bring them round to your side. |
| 2 I'll stick around | B their plays were staged on private property. |
| 3 It is up to you to outwit them | C What had brought it about? |
| 4 To get round the law | D and keep an eye on the food. |
| 5 But why was all this happening? | E doing the other things a few days ago. |

1	2	3	4	5

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 It took her two years to buying a car.
get around to bring about bring round
- 2 A good lawyer should be able to find a way to that clause.
get around to bring about get round
- 3 Jackson tried to him to our way of thinking.
bring about stick around bring round
- 4 ...the smog by car exhausts.
get around to brought about stuck around
- 5 Maybe I'll just here for a while.
stick around get round bring round

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 There's nothing else to for.
- 2 Naturally, one wonders what may have taken place to the separation
.....
- 3 To help this problem, some tanks are now equipped with radar.
- 4 David's father didn't want to let him use the car, but in the end David ..
him ..
- 5 It was only on the following day that the Police finally
interviewing Meehan.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



BY Being prepared, Surviving, and Visiting

drop by get by put by stand by

If there's anything you want to see, just drop by¹.

You can get by in any English conversation with a very limited vocabulary.

You should start putting something by² for when the children are older.

Government engineers were standing by³ to provide emergency repairs in the event of a breakdown.



◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

¹ Drop in, drop round, come by, come round and stop by mean almost the same as drop by.

² Put aside and set aside mean almost the same as put by.

³ There is also a noun:

It was one of three Boeings put on standby for the trip.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- If you in a difficult situation, you manage to cope with it
- 'To means to visit someone informally without having arranged the visit.
- If you, you are ready to provide help or take action if it becomes necessary.
- If you a sum of money or a supply of something, you save it so that you can use it later.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- Stand by with lots of water
- It's always a good idea
- It's possible to get by
- Martin dropped by this afternoon

- to have something put by.
- and sends you his regards.
- in case a fire breaks out.
- in a job interview by just talking about your interests.

1	2	3	4

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 Arthur Coggs had prudently it for future use.
stood by put by dropped by
- 2 She in French all right, but she needs to improve her German.
gets by stands by puts by
- 3 whenever you want.
Stand by Drop by Get by
- 4 The Government ordered the troops to
get by drop by stand by

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Although the budget's been cut for the coming year, we should just
- 2 I'll be in case of trouble, so don't worry.
- 3 You'll never guess who at the office this morning.
- 4 With what he'd , he could live in luxury for the rest of his life.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



FORWARD Looking to the future and Presenting something

bring forward go forward look forward to put forward

*Ask him to bring the meeting forward¹ to eight o'clock.**Preparations were going forward for the annual Caxley Musical Festival.**I'm quite looking forward to seeing Rick again.**The TUC put forward² a plan for national recovery.*

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

- 1 Put forward means almost the same as bring forward; put back means the opposite.
 2 Propose and set out mean almost the same as put forward.

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- If you an idea or proposal, you state it or publish it so that people can consider it and discuss it.
- If you something that is going to happen, you want it to happen because you expect to enjoy it.
- If you a meeting or an event, you arrange for it to be at an earlier time or date than was planned.
- If something, it makes progress and begins to happen.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- | | |
|---|---|
| 1 I did not look forward with any confidence | A to my meeting with the manager. |
| 2 Lipset does not put the proposition forward | B we shall bring in an assistant for you. |
| 3 The match would have | C as a universal truth. |
| 4 If our present plans go forward | D to be brought forward. |

1	2	3	4

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 They rejected every proposal
gone forward looked forward to put forward
- 2 We have to , push ahead, if not we'll stagnate.
go forward look forward to bring forward
- 3 I seeing you in Washington.
go forward put forward look forward to
- 4 We would need the delivery date by one month.
brought forward gone forward looked forward to

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Let's hope everything as planned.
- 2 The meeting has been to Tuesday.
- 3 The idea was first by J.Good.
- 4 I leaving school next summer.

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



THROUGH Completing and Being thorough

fall through go through with pull through put through think through

But the scheme fell through, despite all my careful instructions.

The government was determined to go through with that legislation.

The doctors managed to pull her through a long and difficult illness.

They put through the first nuclear arms agreements.

I haven't really thought the whole business through in my own mind.



1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- If people in authority a proposal or plan, they formally agree to it.
- If you a situation, you consider it thoroughly, together with all its possible effects or consequences.
- If an arrangement or plan, something goes wrong with it before it can be completed and it has to be abandoned.
- If you a decision or an action, you continue to do what is necessary in order to achieve it or complete it.
- When someone who is very ill, they recover.

2 Match the sentences and phrases on the left with those on the right.

- He was planning to put through his deal,
- I've been thinking it all through
- She's down at the hospital with him.
- I'm still pregnant.
- When my project to film the North Wall of the Eiger fell through,

- and I do just want to see for myself
- I didn't go through with the abortion.
- I thought up a more modest scheme.
- despite official US disapproval.
- The doctors said he'll pull through.

1	2	3	4	5

3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 The present Government have decided to Part One of the Labour Government's Bill for a Health Service in industry.
pull through put through think through
- 2 I realised, with increasing force, that I could not another major expedition the following spring.
put through go through with pull through
- 3 He's in very bad shape. He'll but he needs all kinds of attention.
pull through go through put through
- 4 He was determined to the difficulty rather than remain baffled.
fall through put through think through
- 5 The sale of your house has at the last minute.
pulled through thought through fallen through

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 I had a rough old time from then on, I can tell you! But I I've got to eighty-five in spite of it all.
- 2 I cannot explain this easily. I was determined to it, and yet I was not serious about it.
- 3 *I didn't manage to let my flat after all, it*
- 4 It really needs to be much more than this, before we proceed.
- 5 They had at last succeeded in a meaningful reform

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



TOGETHER Being in groups and Organizing things

get together piece together pull together put together

Do you think we could get together¹ at Christmas?

She had not yet been able to piece together² exactly what happened.

That's quite enough of that. Pull yourself together now and stop this at once.

The shipyards possess years of expertise in putting together³ such big metal structures.

◆ LANGUAGE COMMENT

1 There is also a noun:

We're having a little get-together to celebrate Helen's promotion

2 **Work out** means almost the same as **piece together**; **deduce** is a more formal word.

3 **Assemble** is a more formal word for **put together**; **take apart** means the opposite

1 Write the correct phrasal verb to complete the following definitions.

- If you the truth about something, you gradually discover it.
- If you an object or its parts, you join its parts to each other so that it can be used.
- When you yourself , , you control your feelings and behave calmly after you have been upset or angry.
- When people , they meet in order to discuss something or to spend time together.

2 Match the phrases on the left with those on the right.

- Pulling herself together,
- Workers and supervisors
- The agency has put together
- I found out the truth

- by piecing together hints and rumours that I heard at school.
- get together to discuss their grievances.
- Mrs Oliver managed to fight back her annoyance.
- the biggest ever campaign for a new car.

1	2	3	4

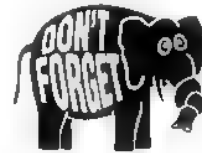
3 Choose the best alternative from the phrasal verbs given to fill in the space provided.

- 1 It says here that a child of 5 can it
put together pull together get together
- 2 As the questioning continued he began to it
pull together piece together get together
- 3 yourself ; don't let them see you like this.
Piece together Pull together Put together
- 4 We really should as soon as possible to discuss the strategy for next year.
get together pull together piece together

4 Write the correct form of the appropriate phrasal verb in the space provided.

- 1 Can you with Henry to arrange the wedding reception?
- 2 He had taken some minutes alone in his room to himself ..
- 3 Grease the valve thoroughly and the parts again.
- 4 Using manuscript sources, it has been possible to the whole story
.....

5 Write a paragraph on the topic of your choice, including at least one example of each of the phrasal verbs you have just studied.



ANSWER KEY

AWAY

A Withdrawing and Separating

- 1 1E 2F 3B 4A 5D 6C
- 2 1 run away
2 keep away
3 broke away
4 took away
5 get away
- 3 1 keep away
2 give away
3 ran away
4 broke away
5 get away
6 taken away
- 4 1E 2A 3B 4C 5D

B Disappearing and Making things disappear

- 1 1 fades away
2 throw away
3 explain away
4 do away with
- 2 1D 2E 3C 4B 5A
- 3 1 done away with
2 passed away
3 throw away
4 fade away
5 explain away
- 4 1 explained away
2 Throw away
3 passed away
4 do away with
5 faded away
- 5 1C 2A 3B

C Other meanings

- 1 1 hide away
2 work away
3 put away
4 write away
5 get away with
- 2 1B 2E 3A 4C 5D
- 3 1 worked away
2 get away with
3 put away
4 hide away
5 Write away

Revision exercises

- 1 1 throw away
2 explain away
3 working away
4 get away
5 do away with
6 get away with
7 broken away
8 give away

BACK

A Returning or Repeating something

- 1 1G 2E 3B 4F 5D 6A
7C 8H
- 2 1 get back
2 gave back
3 go back over
4 take back
5 bounce back
6 go back on
7 call back
- 3 1 take back, give back
2 get back
3 go back on
4 call back
5 gave back
6 fall back on

B Controlling or Suppressing

- 1 1C 2D 3B 4A
- 2 1 cut back
2 hold back
3 set back
4 fighting back
- 3 1 set back
2 hold back
3 cut back
4 fight back

Revision exercises

- 1 1 fall back on
2 call back
3 cut back
4 went back over
5 give back
6 going back on
7 get back
- 2 1A 2B 3A 4B

DOWN

A Decreasing and Reducing Part 1

- 1 1 comes down to
2 dies down
3 cut down
4 comes down
- 2 1D 2F 3C 4A 5B 6E
- 3 1 comes down to
2 cut down
3 calming down
4 die down
5 brought down
6 come down
- 4 1 come down
2 bring down
3 calmed down
4 died down
5 cut down
6 comes down to

A Decreasing and Reducing Part 2

- 1 1 narrow down
2 play down
3 run down
4 keep down
- 2 1B 2F 3C 4A 5E 6D
- 3 1 slow down
2 run down
3 narrow down
4 played down
5 scared down
6 keeps down
- 4 1 narrowed down, had narrowed down
2 run down
3 scale down
4 slowed down, had slowed down
5 keep down
6 play down

B Defeating and Suppressing

- 1 1 clamp down
2 wear down
3 back down
- 2 1D 2E 3C 4G 5A 6F
7B

- 3 1 wearing down
2 backed down
3 knocked down
4 clamped down
5 pulled down
6 put down
7 brought down
- 4 1 puts down
2 pull down, knock down
3 backed down
4 knocked down
5 wearing down
6 bring down
7 clamped down

C Completing or Failing

- 1 1F 2C 3E 4A 5B 6D
- 2 1 turn down
2 closing down
3 broke down
4 stand down
5 let down
6 settle down
- 3 1 let down
2 turned down
3 breaks down
4 settle down
5 closed down
6 stand down

D Writing and Recording

- 1 1 put down
2 take down
3 put down to
4 goes down as
5 lay down
- 2 1C 2B 3D 4E 5A
- 3 1 put down
2 put down to
3 take down
4 laid down
5 go down as
- 4 1 taking down
2 go down ... as
3 put down
4 laid down
5 put down to

E Other meanings

- 1 1 talks down to
2 live down
3 pin down
4 get down to
- 2 1D 2C 3B 4A

- 3 1 got down to
2 live down
3 talks down to
4 pin down

Revision exercises

- 1 1 play down
2 turn down
3 got down to
4 knocking down
5 lets down
6 bring down
7 clamp down
8 take down
9 died down
10 go down as
11 stand down
12 pin down
13 keep down
14 cut down
15 broken down
16 putting down

IN

A Inserting and Absorbing

- 1 1C 2D 3A 4B
2 1 plug in
2 put in
3 sink in
4 take in
3 1 plug in
2 took in
3 put in
4 sunk in

B Including

- 1 1 take in
2 throw in
3 fit in
4 fits in with
2 1B 2D 3C 4A
3 1 threw in
2 took in
3 fit in
4 fit in with
4 1 fit in
2 threw in
3 fit in with
4 take in

C Being involved and active

- 1 1D 2E 3F 4A 5G 6B 7C

- 2 1 gone in for
2 join in
3 called in
4 filled in
5 settled in
6 come in
7 putting in
3 1 fill in
2 called in
3 putting in
4 went in for
5 come in
6 settling in
7 joined in

D Beginning

- 1 1B 2D 3A 4C
2 1 phasing in
2 come in
3 set in
4 brought in
3 1 came in
2 bring in
3 phased in
4 set in

E Other meanings

- 1 1 give in
2 stay in
3 fill in
4 fill in
5 comes in for
2 1A 2D 3E 4B 5C
3 1 staying in
2 filling in
3 Fill in
4 give in
5 came in for

Revision exercise

- 1 1 fit in
2 fit in with
3 throw in
4 come in
5 put in
6 settling in
7 phase in
8 fill in
9 sets in
10 brought in
11 gave in
12 taking in
13 filling in
14 Go in for

ON

A Continuing

- 1 1 go on
2 rambles on
3 drags on
4 get on
5 keep on
2 1D 2B 3E 4G 5F 6A 7C
3 1 pass on
2 stay on
3 kept on
4 go on
5 rambling on
6 get on
7 dragged on
4 1 stay on
2 get on, go on
3 passed on
4 dragged on, gone on
5 got on, went on
6 ramble on
7 keep on

B Progressing

- 1 1 urge on
2 getting on
3 move on
4 coming on
2 1B 2D 3A 4C
3 1 getting on
2 urged on
3 move on
4 coming on
4 1 getting on
2 moved on
3 urge on
4 coming on

C Beginning

- 1 1 coming on
2 catches on
3 move on to
4 brings on
2 1C 2A 3D 4B
3 1 brought on
2 coming on
3 moved on to
4 catch on
4 1 move on to
2 coming on
3 brought on
4 catch on

D Other meanings

- 1 1 going on
2 go on
3 look on
4 take on
5 get on
6 lay on
2 1D 2F 3E 4A 5B 6C
3 1 go on
2 laid on
3 taken on
4 going on
5 got on
6 look on

Revision exercises

- 1 1C/D 2D C 3A 4F 5B 6G 7E
2 1 getting on
2 takes on
3 go on
4 going on
5 get on
6 bring on
7 getting on
8 coming on
9 move on to
10 stayed on

OFF

A Leaving and Beginning

- 1 1 sparks off
2 see off
3 kick off
4 set off
2 1D 2E 3A 4F 5B 6C
3 1 sparked off
2 kick off
3 seeing off
4 drop off
5 set off
6 taken off
4 1 take off
2 see off
3 drop off
4 setting off
5 sparked off
6 kicked off

B Rejecting and Preventing

- 1 1 write off
2 put off
3 hold off
4 laid off
2 1E 2B 3D 4C 5A

- 3 1 hold off
2 lay off
3 put off
4 write off
5 keep off
4 1 putting off
2 keep off
3 hold off
4 laid off
5 written off

C Stopping and Cancelling

- 1 1C 2D 3A 4B
2 1 take off
2 broke off
3 let off
4 called off
3 1 called off
2 broke off
3 take off
4 let off

D Decreasing

- 1 1D 2E 3C 4A 5B
2 1 wear off
2 level off
3 work off
4 cooling off
5 fall off
3 1 work off
2 fall off
3 cooled off
4 level off
5 wore off

E Finishing and Completing

- 1 1D 2C 3A 4B
2 1 finishing off
2 pull off
3 went off
4 pay off
3 1 finish off
2 pull off
3 went off
4 pay off

F Other meanings

- 1 1 rips off
2 show off
3 goes off
4 goes off; goes off
5 tell off
2 1B 2C 3D 4E 5A

- 3 1 gone off
2 rip off
3 told off
4 going off
5 showing off

Revision exercise

- 1 1 pull off
2 spark off
3 call off
4 written off
5 goes off
6 lay off
7 set off
8 wear off
9 show off
10 laid off
11 went off
12 cool off
13 take off
14 broke off
15 told off

OUT

A Leaving and Beginning

- 1 1E 2C 3D 4A 5B
2 1 broke out
2 set out
3 gone out
4 checked out
5 taking out
3 1 break out
2 go out
3 took out, had taken out
4 set out
5 checking out
4 1C 2B 3A 4D 5E

B Removing and Excluding Part 1

- 1 1 cancels out; cancel out
2 keep out
3 get out of
2 1F 2C 3E 4B 5A 6D
3 1 cross out
2 keep out
3 cancel out
4 get out of
5 clean out
6 knocked out
4 1 clean out
2 get out of
3 crossed out
4 cancelled out
5 knocked out
6 keep out

B Removing and Excluding Part 2

- 1 1C 2D 3E 4A 5B 6F
2 1 talk ... out of
2 thrown out
3 opted out
4 ruled out
5 leave out
6 pull out
3 1 rule out
2 pulled out
3 opt out
4 throw out
5 talk ... out of
6 left out
4 1B 2C 3D 4A

C Searching and Finding

- 1 1 sound out
2 turns out
3 work out
4 make out
5 check out
2 1C 2F 3E 4B 5D 6A 7G
3 1 check out
2 trying out
3 found out
4 work out
5 make out
6 sounded out
7 turn out
4 1 sounded out
2 checking out
3 turned out
4 try out
5 find out, work out
6 work out
7 make out
5 1E 2C 3F 4B 5A 6D

D Producing and Creating

- 1 1 set out
2 speak out
3 put out
4 spell out
5 comes out
2 1C 2B 3E 4A 5D
3 1 spoke out
2 come out
3 spelled out
4 put out
5 set out

- 4 1 set out
2 put out
3 came out
4 speak out
5 spell out

E Supporting and Helping

- 1 1 look out
2 help out
3 bears out
4 point out
2 1D 2C 3B 4E 5A
3 1 pointed out
2 borne out
3 Look out
4 helped out
5 give out
4 1 pointed out
2 Look out
3 gave out
4 helped out
5 bear out

F Ending or Disappearing

- 1 1C 2D 3A 4E 5B
2 1 sold out
2 wearing out
3 ran out
4 wiped out
5 phase out
3 1 phased out
2 wipe out
3 run out, sold out
4 run out
5 wore out

G Other meanings

- 1 1 take out on
2 stands out
3 fall out
4 sort out
5 carry out
2 1 fell out
2 took ... out on
3 carried out
4 sorting out
5 stands out

Revision exercises

- 1 1 sort out
2 came out
3 fell out
4 broken out
5 rule out
6 spelled out
7 turn out
8 spoke out
9 cleaning out
10 carried out
11 set out
12 opting out
13 pointed out
14 throw out
15 running out
16 get out of
17 talked ... out of
18 take out
19 leave out
20 find out
21 borne out
22 work out

OVER

A Considering and Communicating

- 1 1 put over
2 talk over
3 look over
4 think over
- 2 1B 2D 3C 4A
- 3 1 looking over
2 talk over
3 Think over
4 put over
- 4 1 put over
2 talk over
3 look over
4 think over

B Changing and Transferring

- 1 1 hand over
2 take over
3 win over
4 change over
5 take over
- 2 1D 2A 3B 4C 5E
- 3 1 took over
2 win over
3 take over
4 changed over
5 hand over

- 4 1 taken over
2 changing over
3 handed over
4 winning over
5 take over

C Other meanings

- 1 1 passed over
2 runs over
3 get ... over with
4 smooth over
- 2 1D 2A 3C 4B
- 3 1 get ... over with
2 smooth over
3 running over
4 passed over
- 4 1C 2A 3B

Revision exercises

- 1 1 take over
2 passed over
3 smooth over
4 get ... over with
5 put over
6 think over

UP

A Increasing and Improving Part 1

- 1 1D 2H 3B 4C 5G 6A
7F 8E
- 2 1 gone up
2 backed up
3 built up
4 cheer up
5 do up
6 dress up
7 bring up
8 brush up
- 3 1 doing up
2 brought up
3 gone up
4 brush up
5 backed up
6 build up
7 dressed up
8 Cheer up

A Increasing and Improving Part 2

- 1 1D 2E 3A 4G 5H 6B
7C 8F

- 2 1 Speed up
2 speak up
3 grew up
4 stir up
5 save up
6 push up
7 speak up
8 pick up
- 3 1 speak up
2 speed up
3 pick up
4 speak up
5 save up
6 pushing up
7 grew up
8 pick up

B Preparing

- 1 1 fix up
2 draw up
3 soften up
4 set up
- 2 1D 2A 3E 4C 5B
- 3 1 set up
2 fixed up
3 soften up
4 drawn up
5 warming up
- 4 1 set up
2 fix up
3 drawn up
4 warm up
5 softening up

C Approaching

- 1 1 face up to
2 lives up to
3 keep up
4 come up against
- 2 1D 2B 3A 4C 5E
- 3 1 lived up to
2 face up to
3 catch up with
4 comes up against
5 keep up
- 4 1 catching up, keeping up
2 come up against
3 living up to
4 face up to
5 keep up

D Disrupting and Damaging

- 1 1E 2C 3A 4B 5F 6D
- 2 1 blow up
2 mess up
3 held up
4 broke up
5 mixed up
6 slipped up

- 3 1 mess up
2 slipped up
3 blown up
4 breaking up
5 mix up
6 holding up
- 4 1B 2C 3A

E Completing and Finishing Part 1

- 1 1G 2F 3H 4C 5B 6A
7E 8D
- 2 1 clear up
2 do up
3 ended up
4 Drink up
5 checking up
6 followed up
7 clears up
8 cover up
- 3 1 followed up
2 ended up
3 did up
4 drank up
5 clears up
6 clear up
7 checking up
8 cover up

E Completing and Finishing Part 2

- 1 1D 2G 3C 4B 5F 6E
7A
- 2 1 tidying up
2 giving up
3 weigh up
4 summed up
5 pull up
6 wound up
7 use up
- 3 1 gave up
2 weighing up
3 wind up
4 use up
5 sum up
6 pull up
7 tidy up
- 4 1D 2C 3E 4B 5A

F Happening and Creating

- 1 1 pick up
2 bring up
3 come up with
4 think up
5 make up
- 2 1E 2F 3C 4A 5G 6B
7D 8H

- 3 1 brought up
2 come up
3 making up
4 pick up
5 picked up
6 come up with
7 turns up
8 thought up
- 4 1 come up, turned up
2 pick up
3 thought up
4 pick up
5 making up
6 bring up
7 turning up
8 come up with

G Collecting and Being together

- 1 1 look up
2 take ... up on
3 puts up
4 make up
5 pick up
- 2 1C 2D 3B 4E 5A
- 3 1 make up
2 put up
3 took ... up on
4 look up
5 pick up
- 4 1 made up
2 take ... up on
3 look up
4 put up
5 pick up

H Other meanings

- 1 1 make up for
2 look up
3 take up
4 turns up
5 put up with
- 2 1C 2A 3B 4D 5E
- 3 1 put up with
2 look up
3 took up
4 turn up
5 make up for
- 4 1D 2C 3B 4A

Revision exercise

- 1 1 broke up
2 make up
3 follow up
4 tidy up
5 bring up
6 clear up
7 doing up
8 face up to
9 gave up
10 come up
11 held up
12 backed up
13 do up
14 set up
15 put up with
16 mess up
17 built up
18 Look up
19 wound up
20 lived up to
21 pick up
22 save up
23 grow up
24 brushing up
25 Draw up
26 turned up
27 weigh up
28 keep up

OTHER PARTICLES

AHEAD

- 1 1 plan ahead
2 get ahead
3 lies ahead
4 go ahead
- 2 1B 2A 3D 4C
- 3 1 lay ahead
2 plan ahead
3 go ahead
4 get ahead
- 4 1 get ahead
2 plan ahead
3 lay ahead
4 going ahead

APART

- 1 1 tears apart
2 take apart
3 falls apart
4 take apart
- 2 1B 2A 3D 4C
- 3 1 taken apart
2 falling apart
3 torn apart
4 take apart
- 4 1 take apart
2 tearing apart
3 take apart
4 fall apart

AROUND/ROUND/ABOUT

- 1 1 bring about
2 get around/round
3 stick around
4 get around/round to
5 bring around/round
- 2 1E 2D 3A 4B 5C
- 3 1 get around to
2 get round
3 bring round
4 brought about
5 stick around
- 4 1 stick around
2 bring about
3 get around/round
4 brought around/round
5 got around/round to

BY

- 1 1 get by
2 drop by
3 stand by
4 put by
- 2 1C 2A 3D 4B
- 3 1 put by
2 gets by
3 Drop by
4 stand by
- 4 1 get by
2 standing by
3 dropped by
4 put by

FORWARD

- 1 1 put forward
2 look forward to
3 bring forward, put forward
4 goes forward
- 2 1A 2C 3D 4B
- 3 1 put forward
2 go forward
3 look forward to
4 brought forward
- 4 1 goes forward
2 brought forward, put forward
3 put forward
4 look forward to, am looking forward to

THROUGH

- 1 1 put through
2 think through
3 falls through
4 go through with
5 pulls through
- 2 1D 2A 3E 4B 5C
- 3 1 put through
2 go through with
3 pull through
4 think through
5 fallen through
- 4 1 pulled through
2 go through with
3 fell through
4 thought through
5 putting through

TOGETHER

- 1 1 piece together
2 put together
3 pull together
4 get together
- 2 1C 2B 3D 4A
- 3 1 put together
2 piece together
3 Pull together
4 get together
- 4 1 get together
2 pull together
3 put together
4 piece together

Sample answer for exercise 4, page 11 (memorization paragraph):

I got back 7 days later on a wet, windy Wednesday. I phoned Felicity straight away as I had promised - I never go back on my promises. She wasn't in. She had gone to the zoo to take the seventh pink elephant back. I said I'd call back at 7. Why was she giving the elephant back? I went back over the elephant-napping in my mind. The only answer was that the seventh pink elephant had bounced back to health. Felicity must have fallen back on Plan B.

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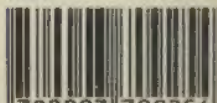
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